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The Hongkong Telegraph.

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SOUTH RESUMES OFFENSIVE.

BIG THRUST MADE AGAINST THE NORTH.

ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS TAKEN BY PEKING.

CURFEW HOUR IMPOSED.

Definite news is to hand to-day of the resumption of their offensive against the North by the Nationalist armies, the lines of attack following the Tientsin-Pukow and Lunghai railways. General Chen Chien and General Ho Ying-chin are in command in the field, and details are available of various troop movements connected with this new thrust.

Owing to the continued fear that Shansi plain-dresses agitators have obtain access to the city, the authorities at Peking are taking additional precautions, special foot and mounted detachments patrolling the city day and night, and no traffic being allowed after 10 o'clock.

Latest available reports from Yunnan show that this province continues to be in a state of turmoil, with several opposing factions in occupation of various districts. The capital, Yunnanfu, is practically in a state of siege.

Naval wireless reports from the Yangtze cities state that all is quiet, no incidents of note having occurred. A Swatow report says that the port remains practically normal.

TURMOIL CONTINUES IN YUNNAN.

Shanghai, Oct. 18. The Nationalists have commenced a general move against the North on both the Tientsin-Pukow and Lunghai railways. General Chen Chien and Ho Ying-chin are in charge.

Three regiments have left Pukow for Chuchow and will from there advance northwards with the 9th. Nationalist army which is expected there. The 2nd Division is to concentrate at Chihlo.

It was reported yesterday that more Nationalist forces crossed the Yangtze for dispatch to the North and that the 40th Regiment went from Nanking to Chinkiang. Troops have also been moved up to Nanking from the Shanghai district.—*Nam Chung Pao.*

PEKING FEARS OUTBREAK
Special Defence Measures.

Peking, Oct. 17. Owing to suspicions that plain-dresses Shansi agents are within the walls of Peking, additional precautions are being taken. Special mounted and foot detachments are patrolling the city all night long, and no traffic is allowed in the streets after ten o'clock.

Hitherto there has been no disturbance.—*Reuter.*

THE YUNNAN TURMOIL.

Capital in State of Siege.

Yunnanfu, Oct. 7. A message from Yunnanfu states that in spite of the departure of the troops of the Western faction, under the command of Tang Ki-yu (a brother of the late Tuchen of Yunnan), and their distance from the City, Yunnanfu is under close military supervision and is in a state of siege.

Military movements are still actively continuing. The delegate Yang Ti-yen has been charged with the mission of receiving into the fold certain bandit chiefs who have newly submitted in the south, and he has led them to Yi Leung and Pan Tsiao. The bandit chief Li Chao-tsung, who kept the French official M. Patoux in captivity for close on a month, and who is now at Yi Leung, has intimated, from Ko Tew, his forthcoming arrival at Yunnanfu.

SWATOW QUIET.

Situation Becomes Normal.

Swatow, Oct. 17. No further movement of troops has taken place, the situation being normal.—*Naval Wireless.*

Quiet on Yangtze.

Shanghai, Oct. 17. Although troop movements across the Yangtze continue on a minor scale at Nanking and Chinkiang, there is nothing untoward reported from the Yangtze ports.—*Naval Wireless.*

CRUISER TO RETURN.

Despatch Being Recommissioned.

London, Oct. 17. The cruiser Despatch has arrived at Chatham after five years in the Far East, with orders to pay off and recommission for a further term on the China station.—*Reuter.*

NORTHERN SUCCESSES.

The Drive Against Honan.

Peking, Oct. 17. The drive against the Kuomintang and Honan continues successful according to telegrams from Chang Tsung-chang, who claims that the Chihli-Shantung forces have occupied Kaoheng to the north of Lanfeng and Liuhio to the west of Kweichow.

Chang Tsung-chang also claims that Chiang King-yu, a commander under Liu Chen-hua, has declared his allegiance to him.

Military telegrams from the Kihnan front declare that Cheag Ting-fu was occupied by Fengtien forces on the 14th after fighting in which many prisoners were taken, the defeated Shansi troops retreating to Kiangtzekuang.

PEKING'S HOPES.

How Shansi Plan Failed.

Peking, Oct. 14. The Ankuochun spokesman, interviewed by newspaper correspondents this afternoon, declared that the Mukden armies had deliberately drawn the main Shansi army, consisting of 80,000 troops, almost up to Paofingfu and then had sent forces via Ankuo to Tingchow to force their retreat. Most of the Shansi troops had been forced to abandon the railway and flee to the southwest.

On the northern front, the spokesman went on, operations have been delayed by an early heavy snowfall. Fighting, he said, is going on at Chalkow, where the first clash in the war occurred. The Mukden forces are advancing westward, south of the railway, and are causing the Shansi forces to evacuate Kalgan.

Shansi had evidently made elaborate plans for the capture of Chihli, the spokesman continued. (Continued on Page 14.)

PLUCKY ACTION.

ROBBERY ATTEMPT FRUSTRATED.

TO-DAY'S CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

Sir Henry Gollan, K.C., the Colony's Chief Justice, appeared in Court for the first time since his return from Home leave, when he presided at the October Criminal Sessions this morning. Only one case was down for trial, a Chinese named Tang Sang being charged with being concerned with two others in an assault with intent to rob, and alternatively with common assault.

In answer to the charge, the accused man said that he was only a workman, who happened to be in the vicinity when the police whistle was blown.

The following jury was empanelled: Mr. J. Brook (foreman), Mr. S. Boulton, Mr. J. Lowrie, Mr. Lo Kim-shan, Mr. R. Kirkwood, Mr. F. C. Mow Fung, and Mr. W. H. N. Murdoch.

A Friendly Call.

The case for the Crown was conducted by Mr. H. K. Holmes, who in opening, said that the jury would find themselves dealing with the preliminary stages of a robbery by three men at 173, Lai-chikok Road. No robbery was in fact effected because an alarm was raised and the men took to flight.

The attempt was made on the first floor, a man calling, asking for Shu Wah-yi, the son of the woman occupier, who happened to be out at the time, and waiting in the room until the son arrived.

He then mentioned that two friends were waiting below and asked if they might come up. Permission having been obtained, the two men entered, and the Crown witnesses would tell the Court that the prisoner was one of those men. One of the men took Shu Wah-yi aside as if to talk to him in confidence and presented a knife, while the others each tackled one of the two women.

Man's Plucky Action.

The prisoner seized Chan Chi, the occupier, and threatened her with a knife, but meanwhile Shu Wah-yi showing great presence of mind, snatched at his assailant's weapon and succeeded in wresting it from him.

The alarm was raised but the men succeeded in escaping into the street, one (the prisoner) taking one direction, while the other two made off in the opposite.

The prisoner was chased and caught hiding behind the kitchen door of a shop about 200 yards from the scene of the assault. In his possession were found a number of rags, which the Crown would suggest, by reason of the manner in which they were knotted, were just the type of cloth strips used by robbers as gags.

The principal witnesses for the Crown, Chan Chi, Shu Wah-yi and Chan Fung-yi, the other woman concerned, in evidence, gave in detail the circumstances outlined by the Crown Solicitor. The prisoner gave evidence in the witness box, and denied his guilt, saying that he was standing under a verandah at another house further down the road at the time. The case was adjourned over tiffin time, and is being continued this afternoon.

GERMAN SEAPLANE DESCENDS.

BAD WEATHER IN THE BAY.

Vigo, Oct. 17. The German trans-Atlantic seaplane D1220 descended in the sea owing to bad weather in the Bay of Biscay, and has put in to Vigo.—*Reuter.*

THE MEXICAN REVOLT.

REBEL BAND ROUTED.

Mexico City, Oct. 17. According to press advices, 30 rebels, including their leader, Margarito Gomez, a member of the State Legislative, were killed in battle with Federal troops near Tacuazam.—*Reuter's American Service.*

COURT SENSATION AT SHANGHAI.

WITNESS CONFESSES TO ARMS DEALING.

ALSO ROULETTE WHEELS.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, Oct. 18. Sensational evidence was given in the Crawley case at the U.S. Court for China this morning when the prosecution alleged that Wilder supplied arms and ammunition to Tibetan bandits and was expelled from the country.

Wilder underwent a gruelling cross-examination in which it was brought out that he had dealt in arms, bullet-proof vests and roulette wheels and that he was the author of a book entitled "Six Months Prisoner of the Szechuan Military" in which he accused General Yang Sen of stealing his jewellery and other property for the benefit of concubines.

The defendant in the case is Knight Mr. Crawley, and American, who is charged with obtaining \$73,200 through having represented himself in possession of 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition which he offered to sell to a representative of Yang Sen of Szechuan at the rate of \$15.44 per round. Mr. M.D. Yang, Chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs to Gen. Yang brought the charge.

The defendant is being represented by Mr. S. A. Moss and Major C. P. Holcomb and Dr. George Sellett, U.S. District Attorney, is conducting the prosecution for the government, Mr. F. L. Schuhl being associated with him.

An earlier hearing of the case is reported on another on another page.

AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

TRADE RESTRICTIONS DISCUSSED.

Geneva, Oct. 17. The League of Nations diplomatic conference has opened, and is attended by delegates from 33 States, and the International Chamber of Commerce, the last-named in an advisory capacity.

It discussed the removal of import and export restrictions and prohibitions.

Heer Colijn, former Premier of Holland, was elected president.—*Reuter.*

China's Autonomy Again.

Later. At the international diplomatic conference, the Chinese delegate declared that he was ready to sign the convention as soon as the autonomy of Chinese customs was recognised.

Sir Sidney Chapman (Britain) declared that more facilities for commerce were possible, but in view of the divergence of interests, the conference must proceed patiently.

A similar opinion was expressed by M. Serruys (France), and by Herr Trandelenberg (Germany). The latter declared that a return to the pre-war position without any restrictions would be a valuable aid to international commerce.—*Reuter.*

AIR TRAGEDY IN BRAZIL.

THREE KILLED IN STUNT FLYING.

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 17. Three Brazilian airmen who were doing exhibition flying in honour of the arrival of the French trans-Atlantic fliers Costes and Lebrun, crashed their machine on fire, and were killed.—*Reuter's American Service.*

MR. LEVINE GETS HOME.

A WELCOME ON A TUG.

New York, Oct. 17. The trans-Atlantic millionaire flier, Mr. Levine, arrived here aboard the s.s. Leviathan, and was received by a welcome committee, aboard a municipal tug.—*Reuter's American Service.*

BRITISH FILMS.

QUOTA BILL FOR MALAYA.

GOVERNMENT'S REASONS.

The Acting Attorney-General of the Straits Settlements, speaking at the last meeting of the Legislative Council made a lengthy explanation of the Ordinance to Amend Ordinance 106 (Theatres). He said that he thought it was desirable that he should address the Council on the policy and principles of the Bill before he dealt with the ordinance.

When considering our far flung Empire, he said, one was struck by the melancholy fact that the film market contained only five per cent. of British products. He had authority for what he said in the Board of Trade report and the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Before the war about 40 per cent. of the films exhibited in England were British.

Mr. Seth then made quotations of the words of the President of the Board of Trade and the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer. Proceeding Mr. Seth said that the reason for that great diminution could be found in the history of the past 13 years. For four long weary years our energies and resources, our man power and woman power had been devoted to the destruction of the enemy and not to the production of films.

During that period the cinema industry in America gradually grew, in fact it was the only country during those four years which produced any films. After the war, although not bankrupt, our financial position was seriously strained and the result was that there was now no room for more than five or six per cent. of British films.

During last year there was an Imperial Conference and they thought that this state of affairs should not be allowed to continue. Films and Trade.

Mr. Seth then gave quotations of statements made in the U.S.A. and how that American films had contributed, as a concrete fact, to the establishment of American goods in Peru, where heretofore none but British goods had been sold.

Turning to the psychological point of view Mr. Seth said that he thought that films were invaluable for spreading British ideas. British Imperialism had tried to give to the nations under its control a British mind, the power to look at life from the standpoint of an Englishman.

He thought that the Bill could only be attacked on one ground and that it was outside our power to produce good films. That point of view was put forward in England. It was said that very inferior films would be inflicted upon a long suffering public.

Up to the present time it was true that no films could be as good as American films. There had been no inducement to British producers because they had no market in which to sell them. But once the Bill was passed they would be guaranteed a market.

In 1928 7½ per cent. of the films exhibited would have to be British and the figure would be increased to 30 per cent. by 1933. If that percentage was not shown the licence held by the theatre proprietors would be cancelled. Applause greeted the conclusion of the address, and the Bill passed the reading.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CORDIALITY.

AN INCIDENT ON THE POTOMAC.

Washington, Oct. 17. The British cruisers Calcutta and Cairo, which had docked at the Navy Yard, as they steamed up the Potomac accidentally met the yacht Mayflower on which President Coolidge was returning from a week-end cruise.

Admiral Sir Walter Cowan ordered the British ships to fire a 21-gun salute, and the bands played the "Star Spangled Banner." The Mayflower, with Mr. Coolidge on board, returned the compliment with "God Save the King."—*Reuter's American Service.*

FIXING THE PRICE OF TIN.

WORLD COMBINATION IS FORESHADOWED.

AT £300 A TON.

London, Oct. 17. An announcement is expected shortly fixing the world price of tin at £300 a ton, under a scheme devised by British, American and Dutch interests to control the price.

A producers' association will be formed, which will fix the price at least a year ahead, for the purpose of enabling the consumer to know exactly what supplies will cost, and to rid the market of speculators, who have caused the prices to vary widely during the past few years.

British controls between 80 and 60 per cent. of the world's production of tin, American 20 to 25 per cent., and the Dutch East Indies and China most of the balance. The new price therefore will be accepted all over the world.—*Reuter.*

SIAMESE PRINCE IN MANILA.

VISITS PHILIPPINE LEGISLATURE.

Manila, Oct. 7. The Siamese Prince H. H. Purchatra visited the Philippine Parliament to-day.

He was welcomed into the Senate and the Chamber of Representatives, where addresses of welcome were delivered by the Acting President, Mr. Clarin, and by Senator Quirino.

His Highness, in replying, eulogized the vigorous system of education in the Islands, and thanked them for the kind attention accorded to Siamese students during their stay in the Philippines.—*Indo-Pacific.*

PETROL A SHILLING A GALLON.

A SOUTH AFRICAN PROJECT.

Durban, Oct. 17. The Natal Advertiser understands that the Government has decided to support a project to establish a local refinery to deal with imported crude petroleum and manufacture the finished products.

The Board of Trade has undertaken to operate the existing legislation in order to deal with the hostility of foreign competitors to the project.

A company is being formed, which hopes to sell first-rate petrol at a little over a shilling a gallon.—*Reuter.*

WOULD-BE FLIERS RETURN.

AN UNBALANCED MACHINE.

Old Orchard, Oct. 17. Mrs. Francis Grayson, who had been awaiting favourable weather since early September to make a flight to Copenhagen, took off in a machine named "The Dawn," with a navigator named Goldsborough and a co-pilot named Wilmer Shultz, but after proceeding seaward they returned owing to the discovery that the machine was not properly balanced.—*Reuter's American Service.*

BOLSHEVISM IN THE BALKANS.

BUDAPEST TRIAL OPENS.

Budapest, Oct. 17. The trial has opened of two Communists and former members of the People's Commissary, named Zolton Szanto and Eugene Landrer, and the leader of the extreme left wing of Labour, named Vagi, with 55 associates. They are charged with spreading Bolshevism revolutionary propaganda under orders from the Moscow International.—*Reuter.*

ALLEGED FRAUD.

MANILA DEFALCATION OF P200,000.

CHEQUES ON A BANK.

The San Carlos Milling Company, Ltd., sugar manufacturers of Occidental Negros, have lost one employee of their Manila office, while some one, either the sugar company or the Bank of the Philippine Islands has lost Pesos 200,000, according to facts learned by an investigator for the Manila Times last week.

The story, which was obtained piecemeal from several reliable sources, deals with a clever defalcation alleged to involve Alfredo Dolores, aged 22, said to have been employed by the San Carlos Company for more than two years.

It is understood that the Bank of the Philippine Islands received a letter previous to September 23, stating that the milling company proposed to present for payment a cheque in the amount of Pesos 200,000. Prior notification was made in order that bank might be provided with the necessary currency as required by the payee.

On September 29, the story goes, Alfredo Dolores presented two cheques bearing the name of the San Carlos Milling Company, at the bank window, one for an even Pesos 200,000 and the other for Pesos 1. The cheques were honoured and Dolores immediately disappeared.

From private sources it was learned that the San Carlos Milling Company alleges both the letter of notification and the two cheques to be forgeries, perpetrated by Alfredo Dolores, and that the bank has lost the money through honouring a "phony" cheque.

In the meantime one thing is sure, Alfredo Dolores is gone. So is Pesos 200,000 belonging to somebody.

Bank Not to Lose.

Investigation made later by Government bank examiners corroborate a statement made by Fulgencio Borromeo, president of the Bank of the Philippine Islands, to the Press, that his bank "has not lost a cent," and that the San Carlos Sugar Milling company must bear the brunt of the Pesos 200,001 fraud.

It is reliably stated that the two cheques drawn against the sugar central, one for a straight Pesos 200,000, and another for Pesos 1, bore the signature of the official authorized to countersign the central's cheques.

Government examination of the fraudulent transaction was prompted by newspaper reports of the irregularity. Insular treasury officials refused to divulge the result of the probe, stating that such reports are by law made strictly confidential.

It is learned, however, that the Government is satisfied with the result of the investigation and will leave the matter where it is. The Government, it is understood, is only interested in finding out whether the reported fraudulent transactions affected the solvency of the bank.

The forgery of two cheques involving the possible loss of Pesos 200,000 to either the Bank of the Philippine Islands or the San Carlos Milling Company, Ltd., is definitely being investigated by the city fiscal's office, it was learned later.

Alfredo Dolores, formerly of the San Carlos Milling Company and alleged author of the forgery, is still at large. A criminal complaint for falsification of commercial documents against Dolores and possibly others having a hand in the alleged forgery, will soon be presented in court by the fiscal's office, it is also learned.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRIMAUGUET.

FRENCH ADMIRAL TRANSFERS.

Tokyo, Oct. 7. Admiral Stotz, Commander-in-Chief of the French Far Eastern naval division, has transferred to the cruiser Jules Michelet at Yokohama, on the return of the cruiser Primauguet to France via the Panama Canal.—*Indo-Pacific.*

The Primauguet was recently in Hongkong, when she gave an interesting exhibition of an aeroplane being launched from a catapult with which the cruiser is equipped.

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YUNNAN TURMOIL.
STRUGGLE FOR POSSESSION
OF CAPITAL.

Yunnan-fu, Oct. 2.
A message from Yunnan-fu states that the town remains in a stage of siege. Barricades are still up in the streets, soldiers are instructed to search everyone except foreigners, and water and light supplies had failed up to the 29th September. Since the 23rd the newspapers have ceased publication, and news of current affairs is exclusively reported through the medium of posters. The *Yi Chen*, an organ of "Moderate" tendencies, has resumed publication, as from the 29th September.

The population of the town is a little more reassured. The shops are open. Nevertheless, the amount of business done is not impressive, and the money-changers up till September 29 had not resumed business.

General Wong Ki-soo, who made an attempt to enter the city after abandoning General Ho, and had attacked Government troops, was shot, on September 28, at the Armoury, at Wu Hwa Chow.

At noon on September 26, the various public organizations of the town held a conference on the present situation in Yunnan. They have sent three dispatches to various generals, asking them each to send three representatives to Yunnan-fu.

War in the West.

As regards the Western part of the province, there is a rumour to the effect that a former official, named Lo Chu-cheng, has attacked the troops of Tang Ki-yu, resting at Tai-fu, and that he has captured the town, from which point he is leading his troops to the capital. It is also reported that the pirate chief, Wu Siao-sien, fighting in the advance guard of Tang Ki-yu, was seriously wounded in the course of recent night attacks on Yunnan-fu, and that he had retired into the neighbourhood of Cheng Kong, with the Government troops in pursuit.

General Cheng Fong-chen, commanding the 6th Brigade (comprising 2,000 men) returned to Yunnan-fu with his troops, on September 27. He will reinforce the Army that will be led to attack the enemy in the West.

On September 28, the delegates sent to Tang Ki-yu, returned with a report of the negotiations. General Long Yun demanded an agreement between the troops of the West and the 38th Army which he commands, with the view to terminating the struggle in the East against Chang Ju-yi and Hu Ju-yu. Moreover, he will leave to the public organizations the care of the political question.

The Generals of the West, who previously had desired to place Tang Ki-yu in power, and now submit the candidature of his son, Tang Siu-ming, would accept those conditions, if it is not the intention of the Directorate to fight Tang Ki-yu, whom they will defend. The delegates, on their side, stipulate that the soldiers be not allowed to stay within 30 ft. of the town, which will be defended by the forces recently created—the gendarmerie and the police.

The position has not, however, been cleared up. On September 27, the armies of the west were still within several hours' distance of the town, but at the last moment it is stated that they intend to retire.

Many Guns Lost.

It is claimed for the Eastern party that General Lu Han has stated that he has defeated General Hu Ju-yi, who lost 10 guns and machine guns, 1,000 rifles and 2,000 troops.

General Long Yun has published the agreements which he entered into with General Hu Ju-yi, at Pang Cheow and Wu Kia-tuan. In these, Hu binds himself to go on the Northern expedition, and not to enter into any association with the forces of other provinces or bandits, and that he will exact no levies from the peasants. In return, his family will be accord-

WUCHOW REDS.
TEN MEN AND THREE WOMEN
EXECUTED.

On Thursday ten men and three women were carried through the city streets and executed on the hillside to the south of the city.

These unfortunate victims of Red propaganda were arrested last April for agitating in favour of the Red regime, and have been held in custody ever since. It would appear with the uncertain attitude of the new lawmakers now coming into power in Canton, and knowing that sooner or later Kwangsi must inevitably follow the lead of her sister province, the local authorities determined they were not going to run the risk of having their captives released to renew their propaganda and so gave orders for their immediate execution.

One of the girls who was executed maintained to the last that she was innocent of the charge laid against her, but the other two posed as martyrs and loudly called out their slogans as they passed down the street.

New Slogans.

To-day new posters are displayed along walls in the city advocating the explosion of "White Communists" and stating that the Hankow and Nanking cliques had joined together for the accomplishment of this purpose. Casual readers stated that "White Communists" referred to the Russians who were to be completely eliminated from both parties, and a union of all Nationalist forces were to take place at once.

WEDDING BELLS.

AN INTERESTING SHANGHAI CEREMONY.

One of the season's most interesting weddings took place last Wednesday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, when Miss Cecile Marguerite McBain, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. George McBain of Shanghai, was married to Mr. Hugh Maitland, son of the late Mr. Andrew Maitland and of Mrs. Edith of Shanghai. The Very Rev. Dean Symons performed the ceremony.

Both the bride and groom are very well known in China and a large gathering attended the Church service.

Attending the bride as bridesmaids were Miss Mary Edmonston, Miss Nellie Marshall and Miss Joyce Curry, while the flower-girls were Miss Jane Curry and Miss Pat Tucker. Mr. Kenneth M. Cumming acted as best man and Messrs. E. B. McBain, Robin Gordon, Leslie Boisragon, Chances Cumming, Roddy Watson, R. Mills, Jack Liddell and Kenneth Brand performed the duties of ushers.

The bride was given away by her stepfather, Mr. R. S. F. McBain.

The church was prettily decorated with mauve and white cosmos, maidenhair fern and bamboo and handfuls of flower petals were flung at the bride and groom as they left the church and passed under an arch of swords held by members of the Light Horse, S.V.C., to which the groom belongs.

ed all protection, and Long will direct all public and military affairs in Yunnan.

The Nationalist representative, Ly Pi-yin, who has been here for two months, endeavouring to establish an agreement between the Yunnanese generals, but without results so far, has signified his desire to return to Nanking.

Chang Pan-han, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs in Yunnan, who had been sent as a delegate to Canton, is returning to Yunnan-fu.—*Indo-Pacific.*

TRAFFIC CASES.
MANY SUMMONED AT
KOWLOON COURT.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon, before Mr. W. Schofield, Lieut. T. H. Dale, R.N., Kai Tak Aerodrome, was summoned for allowing his motor car, No. 171, to be driven along Salisbury Road when it was not licensed, and with failing to have the rear number plate illuminated.

The defendant pleaded guilty on behalf of Captain Day, who, he said owned the car. He (defendant) had sold the car to Captain Day but had not hurried in the matter of transferring the licence. At the actual time of the offence the car belonged to Captain Day, but the licence had not been transferred to his name.

Defendant added that he knew nothing about the lights as they were in perfect order when he sold the car. He was prepared, however, to plead guilty on behalf of Captain Day.

His Worship: I'm afraid you cannot do that. Why is not Captain Day here?—His name was not on the summons to appear.

Sub-Inspector Smith explained it was only that day they had discovered that the car had changed hands. The licence had been taken out since.

In fining the defendant \$5 on the first summons. His Worship dismissed the second, saying that he considered if it was desired to press that charge a fresh summons should be taken out and served on the present owner.

No Garage.

Mr. W. J. Burling, of the Hongkong Hotel, was summoned for failing to provide suitable accommodation for his motor cycle, No. 7, which was left in Nathan Road, on Sept. 30.

The defendant explained that he had arranged for accommodation at the motor cycle exchange, and the machine was taken there on October 3. He had no idea at the time that he was committing an offence.

A fine of \$5 was imposed.

At the instance of Mr. J. J. Cameron, of the Green Island Cement Company, a summons was taken out against the driver of a Dennis motor bus, Mr. Cameron alleging that the bus suddenly pulled out into the road to overtake another bus ahead, thus causing Mr. Cameron to run into the side of the road with the car that he was driving.

Mr. Cameron said he was proceeding from the direction of Kowloon towards the Star Ferry, and when he approached the motor bus stop, just past Kowloon Dock entrance, he saw two buses standing at their proper stand on the corner. He was about to overtake the rearmost bus, after sounding his horn, when the bus, without any signal, suddenly pulled towards the middle of the road, to pass the stationary bus in front. To avoid a collision with the bus, Mr. Cameron swerved across to the right, narrowly escaping an accident, his car coming to a standstill in the gutter.

Sub-Inspector Smith said it was quite possible for the defendant to have put out his right hand, as the bus was a right hand drive. It was also fitted with a mirror so that the driver could have seen if anything was approaching from the rear.

The defendant said he did signal, and also looked in the mirror, but he did not see anything coming. He was fined \$5.

Alleged Dangerous Driving.

Alleged to have rounded a bend on the Castle Peak Road at a place called Tai Lam Chung, three or four miles from Castle Peak, at an excessive speed, and narrowly escaping a collision with a car driven by Inspector Marks, a Chinese was charged with dangerous driving.

With Inspector Marks were Mrs. Marks and Chief Preventive Officer Clarke, and, according to the pro-

PEACE WANTED.
FRANCE'S EXAMPLE TO THE
THE WORLD.

Paris, Oct. 17.

At Bar-le-duc, M. Poincare speaking at the inauguration of the War Memorial referred to the sacrifices made by the dead. He spoke of the hopes of the inhabitants of Lorraine, whose ambitions were modest and legitimate.

They wish never to experience again the horrors of war and want that France should be her own mistress and that in all her territory no foreign influence, near or far, should interfere with her sovereignty.

They wish also that our pacific sentiments should be imparted to all peoples, even those who sometimes affect to misbelieve them, and that all the world should, like us, give official and indisputable proofs of such sentiments. "Since the war we had diminished our contingents and reduced the length of our military service. We were making legislative preparation for a new reduction of the regime to one-third of the period required before the war. We thus show, to the full measure permitted by our security that we give an example of spontaneous disarmament. It would be only just that homage should everywhere be paid to our acts and it is desirable that we should be imitated rather than criticised."—*Havas.*

UNORTHODOX.

SCENE IN ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.

London, Oct. 17.

The Professor of St. Paul's was Canon Bullock Webster, Rector of St. Michael's Royal, City of London. Canon Bullock Webster interviewed by *Reuter* said he was horrified that Bishop Barnes has been invited to preach from a world pulpit. "As regards the charge of brawling which Dean Inge has preferred against me, I would welcome such a charge and if I was committed to prison it would give me the utmost satisfaction as it would awake wider attention to the scandal."—*Reuter.*

section, had a collision resulted, it might have had fatal results.

From the evidence for the prosecution, it appears that Inspector Marks was driving his car well on the left hand side of the road at between 18 and 20 m.p.h. at 4.45 p.m. and the defendant's car came round the corner at a speed of between 25 and 30 m.p.h. His speed was so great that he swerved to the right hand side of the road, and although Inspector Marks shouted at him to stop he failed to do so. It was stated in evidence that had Inspector Marks' car been further along the road a distance of 30 yards, a collision could not have been avoided.

The defendant professed ignorance of the incident. He said he took his master to a village in the New Territories at two o'clock and did not leave there until six o'clock. He passed a number of cars on the road, but he did not remember any narrow escape, or a policeman signalling to him.

He said he would call his master to give evidence, and the case was adjourned until this morning.



IT'S QUALITY
100% COUNTRY



Incomparable

tone quality, full, rich, and sonorous, musical and sympathetic, an unforgettable lasting tone in the legato passages, extraordinarily easy and elastic touch, the very highest order of craftsmanship in every constructive detail, and perfect even quality of tone throughout have won the world's premier honours for

The GROTRIAN-STEINWEG PIANO

"The most perfect product of the present pianoforte industry."
WALTER GIESSEKING.

THE HOMOGENEOUS SOUNDBOARD.

The greatest gift to the art of music during the past fifty years ensures evenness and perfection of tone in every Grotrian-Steinweg piano.

ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.
St. George's Buildings.



"BRIGHT YOU ARE"

—when you have your
clothes brightened up
at the

The International Dry-Cleaning and Dyeing Co.

Where expert cleaning
service goes hand in
hand with very moderate prices.

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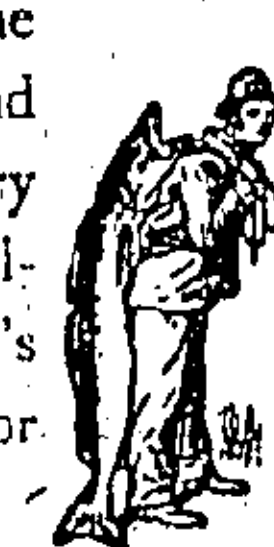
SALESMAN \$AM

A Head for Business

By Small



If you would see your
children grow stronger
each day—become
rosy, plump and
full of life—try
SCOTT'S Emulsion,
the mother's
friend! Ask for
SCOTT'S EMULSION



RESTAURANT
WAITERS WANTED YESTERDAY NOT NOW
EAT HERE

WELL, WELL, SAME!
AIN'TCHA WORKIN'?

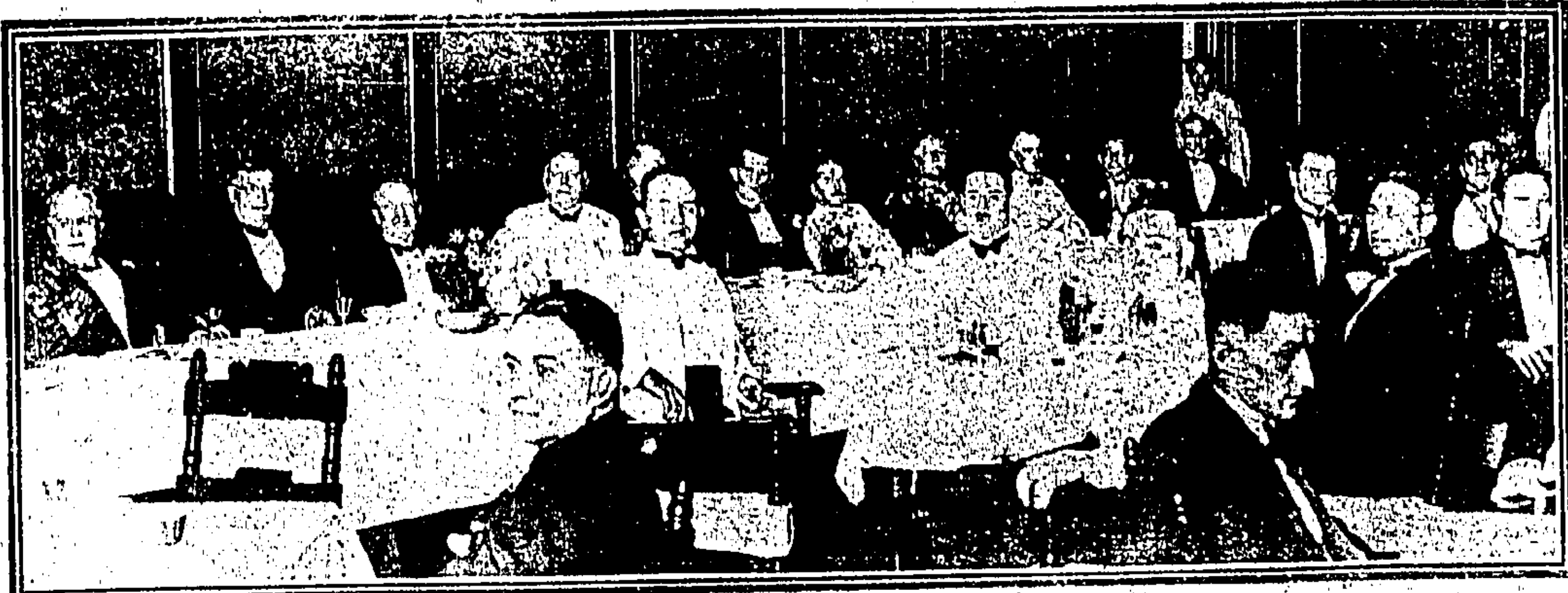
NOPE, WALKIN'!
WEE YA GONNA OPEN UP STORE AGAIN, CUZ?

IT'S BAD LUCK TO OPEN UP UNLESS YOU'RE SURE OF A CUSTOMER TH' FIRST DAY!

YEH? C'MON OVER TO TH' STORE! I THINK I KNOW WHERE THERE'S ONE!

MR. GUZZLEM, I'LL HAVE A POUND OF TAME CHEESE—SOME NON-SKID OYSTERS—A CAN O' SOUND-PROOF SOUP—AN' SOME FLAKES FROM CONTENTED CRABS!

MR. HOWDY, IT'S A PLEASURE TO WAIT ON YOU, I'M SURE!!



FAREWELL TO POPULAR MEMBER OF AMERICAN TROOP.—A farewell dinner was given at the Columbia Country Club, Shanghai, to Lieut. E. A. Silagi, American Troop, S. V. C., attended by members of the Troop and their guests. The office of Toastmaster was filled by Major C. P. Holcomb, and speeches were made by Mr. E. S. Cunningham, Colonel W. F. L. Gordon, Colonel Kilgore, Mr. S. Fessenden, Judge Purdy and Dr. Sellott. Lieut. Silagi, who is leaving for India shortly, was presented with a silver cigarette box suitably engraved.



DISCOVERY OF THE PACIFIC CELEBRATED.—The anniversary of the date upon which the Spanish explorer Vasco Nunez de Balboa sighted the waters of the Pacific Ocean, was celebrated by members of the Pan-Pacific Union, at a tiffin at the Astor House, Shanghai. An interesting speech on the early Spanish pioneers was made by Father Cereza. Mr. C. T. Wang also gave an address.



AN ANNIVERSARY DANCE.—On the occasion of the first anniversary of the foundation of the Hopara Club, a dance was held at St. Joseph's Catholic Association, Shanghai. The function was greatly enjoyed, many members and friends gathering to celebrate the occasion.



BUST OF WOLFE.—The bust of General Wolfe is the work of Joseph Wilton. September 13 was the anniversary of the capture of Quebec, for which the bust was specially prepared. (Times copyright).



STUDENTS IN MOVIES.—John Westwood (top) of Princeton University, and John Howland Stambaugh, of the University of Chicago, are new faces in the movies.

Summit

COAT DRESS SHIRTS

This is a sensible and convenient development of the "pull over" shirt. It means that one can put on one's shirt just as a coat and not draw it over the head as in the "pull over" style. The toilet can be completed—as this method does not "ruffle" the hair—without inconvenience before putting on the shirt. Moreover, this style can be cut closer to the body, dispensing with a considerable amount of surplus material and thereby giving a better "set" to the dress suit.

Pleated Fronts with stiff or Soft Double Cuffs
\$6.50, \$8.50 each.

Stiff Fronts, one or two stud holes, Plain or Fancy
Pique \$6.50, \$8.50, \$1.50 each.

WE ALLOW 10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH

MACKINTOSH
& Co., Ltd.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
Alexandra Building. Des Vaux Road.

When you dine at

LANE, CRAWFORD'S RESTAURANT

you are assured of

AN ATTRACTIVE MENU
EFFICIENT SERVICE
GOOD MUSIC—AND
DISTINCTIVE ENVIRONMENT

Morning Coffee and afternoon Tea a Speciality

Dancing
During
Tea
and
Dinner

TELEPHONE
C. 4567.



CALDBECK'S

OLD RESERVE
MADEIRA

WHITEAWAYS

SPECIAL OFFER FOR OCTOBER

OVER 2,000 yards
OF

GENUINE
"VIYELLA"
CLOTH

IN STRIPED DESIGNS ONLY
These patterns are specially
suitable for Men's pyjamas,
Children's night dresses, etc.

31 inches wide
SPECIAL
PRICE
FOR OCTOBER **\$1.75** yd.
PYJAMAS MADE TO ORDER
\$13.50 Suit.

DO NOT MISS THIS WONDERFUL OFFER.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
HONGKONG



WARNING THEM AGAINST THE EVILS OF RACING.—Mr. Amos Purdie warns servants as well as his son and daughter against the evils of the races which are to be held near his house, in Act I of "The Sport of Kings" which the Shanghai A. D. O. staged recently at the Lyceum Shanghai. Left to right: Cook (Mrs. Peyton-Griffin); Jane (Mrs. J. R. Harder); Lizzie (Miss D. Fellow); Albert (Mr. J. C. Earnshaw); Bates (Mr. J. O. Lienard); Amos Purdie, J. P. (Mr. A. J. Daniels); Miss Primrose (Miss B. Marshall); Joe (Mr. Alec Davies); Katie (Miss D. House).

A Profitable Investment.

Judicious Advertising is one of the most profitable investments associated with successful Business Enterprise.

Advertise in
The Hongkong Telegraph.

and secure the co-operation of its readers in buying your goods.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00
\$1.50 if not prepaid

The following replies are awaiting collection:

192, 193, 197, 141, 144,
145, 146, 147, 151, 1516
5, 26, 32, 38, 72, 80, 88,
101, 102, 161, 168, 174, 191,
194, 208, 210, 216, 226, 248
259, 265, 167, 271, 272, 273

BOARD RESIDENCE.

FAMILY HOTEL.—Victoria Gardens. Quiet apartments and Suites of rooms. Full board from \$35, \$110, \$130, monthly. Large commodious rooms, also daily rates, five minutes from ferry, next new Hotel, Hankow Road, Kowloon, Tel. K.367.

WANTED.

WANTED. — Immediately Small house furnished for 6 or 9 months. Mid-level preferred. Apply Box No. 275, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—European House. Or in flats 55, Kennedy Road. Apply Young, Tel. C.906 or C.551.

TO LET.—One European Flat Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

TO LET.—Office Rooms 2nd Floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

COMMODOUS OFFICES to let in No. 7, Queen's Road Central, also two small offices in 1A, Chater Road. Apply E. D. Sassoon and Company, Ltd.

TO LET.—Fully furnished for ten months from February 1928, "Harford" Magazine Gap, close to motor road and public garages. Modern Sanitation. Large garden. Moderate rental. Apply H. E. Goldsmith, P.W.D.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Studebaker standard five seater motor car. 1926 Model. In splendid condition. Fully equipped. Low Mileage, \$2,000. Box No. 275, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.—STUDEBAKER SPORTS ROADSTER—1926 Standard Six, run only 8,250 miles, in good mechanical condition, completely equipped. Price: \$2,100. Owner leaving colony. Apply Hongkong Hotel Garage.

FOR SALE.—Fresh arrival Army Blankets, grayish brown, black stripe \$2.25 each, dozen; singly \$2.50. Superior qualities according to requirements. Reduction to charitable and missionary associations for quantities also to dealers and merchants for regular orders. Sub-agents locally and in outports required. Montgomery Ollerton & Co., 18, Ice House Street, ground floor, between the Carlton and the Portuguese Club, Tel. C.4630.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FANLING HUNT STEEPLE-CHASES.

NOTICE.

On account of the reconstruction of the Taiipo Bridge not having been completed, the AUTUMN MEETING of the FANLING HUNT will be held on Saturday, December 3rd.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that no ship or vessel should pass between the dredger, working off Kowloon Point, and the four buoys marked with red flags laid to the Westward of her. The three Eastern buoys of this tier support the dredger's head-chain and constitute a grave danger to craft attempting to pass between them. The dredger's head cable is further supported between the most western buoy and the next buoy to the eastward of it and constitutes a danger to the propellers of craft attempting to pass between these two buoys.

Should any craft attempt to pass between the dredger and the western buoy of the tier and foul the suspended head-chain there is a great probability of the chain falling to the bottom and fracturing the telegraph and telephone cables in the cable reserve.

By Order,
G. F. HOLE,
Harbour Master.

Hongkong, October 17, 1927.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Seventh Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday 5th November 1927 (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Race Course, Hongkong Club, and Causeway Bay Stables. Entries will close at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, 25th October 1927.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

The Half Yearly General Meeting of Members will be held in the Jockey Club Room, Hongkong Club annex, on Saturday, 29th October, 1927, at 12.30 p.m.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1927.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the offices of the SINCERE INSURANCE INVESTMENT CO., LTD., and the SINCERE LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., have this day been removed from No. 1, Des Voeux Road, West, to the 4th floor of No. 144, Des Voeux Road, Central (the National Commercial & Savings Bank Building). All communications to the Companies should hereafter be sent to the latter address.

The SINCERE INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

The SINCERE LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG & CANTON ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office 2, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 22nd Day of October, 1927, at Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1927.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 8th October to the 22nd October, 1927, both days inclusive.

By Order

of the Board of Directors,
J. D. THOMSON,
Acting Secretary,
Hongkong, 6th October, 1927.

MRS. MOTONO

Hand and Electric
MASSAGE

No. 31B, Top Floor Wyndham St.
Hongkong

THEATRE ROYAL

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

At 9.15 p.m.

THE MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY.

THE QUANTS

IN THE MUSICAL SUCCESS

"OH JOY"

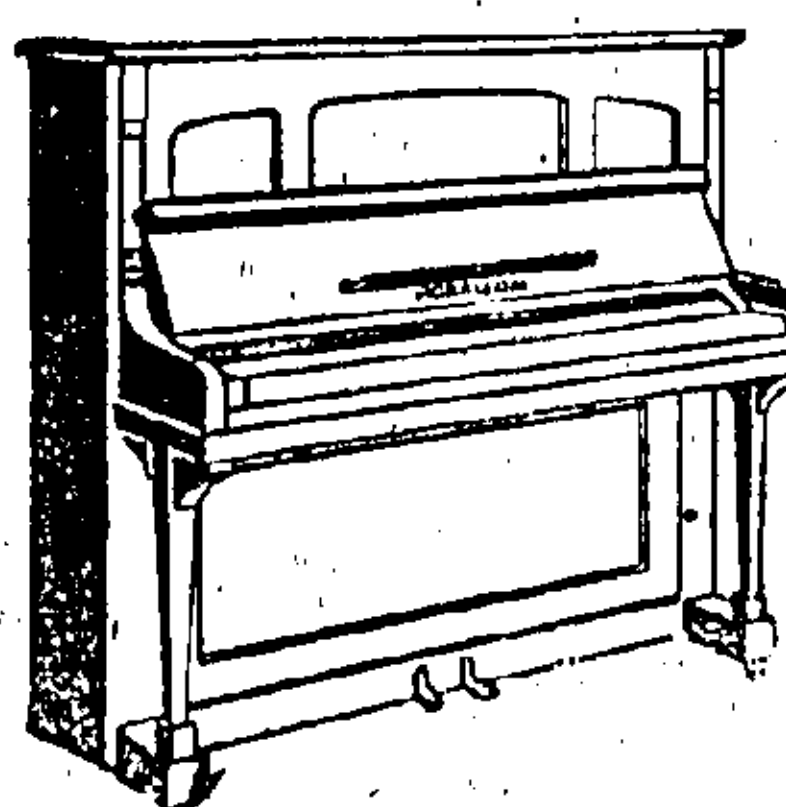
GRAND OPENING NIGHT

A special Peak Tram will run after the performance.

YOU NEED A PIANO?

Well, come and select a

MORRISON



the only piano in the East with a

TEN YEAR GUARANTEE.

No big outlay is necessary, as terms can be arranged to suit everyone.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY.

8, Des Voeux Road Central (Entrance Ice House Street)
Telephone C. 4648.

WELDING



OXYGEN ACETYLENE NITROGEN

Everything for the Welder and Cutter

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE Co., Ltd.
20, Des Voeux Road.

M. J. E. GUILLOT, Manager.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LUN.

From AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, BREMEN and GENOA.

The Steamship,

"OLDEBERK" (18),

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the godowns and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 25th October, 1927, will be subject to rent.

All broken chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined on the 24th October, 1927, at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, Hongkong.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LUN.
General Agents.
Hongkong, October 18, 1927.

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

on THURSDAY,

the 20th October, 1927,

at 12 o'clock Noon.

at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

One 1923 Two Seater "Buick" Roadster (23 H. P.) in good running condition.

On View on Day of Sale.

Terms:—As Customary.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

on FRIDAY,

the 21st October, 1927,

at 12 o'clock Noon.

at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

(for account of the concerned.)

One Case containing 2 Pieces Pilot Cloth.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

4, Duddell Street.

If you have anything you would like to sell, exchange or advertise send it to the CHINA AUCTION ROOM.

E. V. M. R. de SOUSA.

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

From 18th to 25th October 1927.

HIGH WATER				LOW WATER			
Date	Day	Time	Height	Date	Day	Time	Height
Wed.	18	11.55	10.0	Wed.	18	11.55	10.0
Thurs.	19	11.55	10.0	Thurs.	19	11.55	10.0
Friday	20	11.55	10.0	Friday	20	11.55	10.0
Saturday	21	11.55	10.0	Saturday	21	11.55	10.0
Sunday	22	11.55	10.0	Sunday	22	11.55	10.0
Mon.	23	11.55	10.0	Mon.	23	11.55	10.0
Tues.	24	11.55	10.0	Tues.	24	11.55	10.0
Wed.	25	11.55	10.0	Wed.	25	11.55	10.0

CHINA COAST.

LATEST OFFICER CHANGES.

Mr. D. D. Davidson, third engineer, Taikoo Wan Yi, has gone third engineer, Changchow.

Mr. J. G. Henderson, third engineer, Ichang, has gone third engineer, Yinchow.

Mr. A. B. Blair, third engineer, Changchow, has gone third engineer, Changchow.

Mr. L. Waterman, third engineer, Liangchow, has gone third engineer, Taikoo Wan Yi.

Mr. R. Genter, second engineer, Soochow, has gone acting chief engineer, Tungting.

Mr. R. E. Bisset, second engineer, Tungting, has gone second engineer, Ngankin.

Mr. G. W. Clark, second engineer, Ngankin, has gone second engineer, Shengking.

Mr. W. H. Scurr, third engineer, Tungchow, has gone acting second engineer, Soochow.

Mr. A. J. Courtney, third engineer, Hei Peking, has gone third engineer, Tungchow.

Mr. G. Gray, from reserve, has gone second engineer, Chinkiang.

Mr. D. McI. Campbell, third engineer, Woosung, has gone third engineer, Chinkiang.

Mr. R. H. MacLwan, from reserve, has gone acting second engineer, Tungting.

Mr. R. McAlpine has been appointed second officer, Suifu. Mr. A. H. Jewell, second officer, Suifu, has gone acting chief officer, Hopsang.

Mr. E. J. Grainger, from reserve, has gone third engineer, Tuckwo.

Mr. A. J. Begley, from reserve, has gone chief engineer, Fausang. Mr. W. F. Bould, chief engineer, Fausang, is on reserve.

Mr. D. C. Woods, from reserve, has gone supply second engineer, Foushing. Shipping and Engineering.

Mr. G. M. Billings, who for the past 20 years has been associated with the Municipal Schools of Shanghai as Head Master of the Public School for Boys, will leave Shanghai early in December with his family for Victoria, B. C., to take up an appointment as Head Master in the University School. His resignation becomes effective on November 30.

H. G. WELLS' WIFE DEAD.

SON MARRIES IMMEDIATELY.

London, Oct. 7. Amy Robbins Wells, wife of the famous English novelist, H. G. Wells, died to-day at the Wells country estate at East Onglebe, Essex.

Confirming his mother's dying wish, Frank Wells, second son of the novelist, married Miss Peggy Gibbons at 9 o'clock this morning at the Parish church near the Wells home.

Mrs. Wells requested that there be no mourning.

The body will be cremated, following a non-religious service.

P. AND O. FREIGHT SERVICE.

ALLEGED PROTEST BY N.Y.K.

Tokyo, Oct. 8. The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company having organized a freight service between Dairen and Yokohama, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha has protested against this, declaring that the service was established in violation of international rules governing coastal trade.—Indo-Pacific.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1150 s.
Chartered Bank, \$201 n.
Mercantile A. & B., \$312 n.
Mercantile C., \$131 n.
P. and O., \$103 n.
East Asia, \$68 n.

Marine Ins.

Canton Ins., \$370 n.
China Underwriters, \$120 b.
North China, \$143 n.
Union Ins., \$292 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$451 b.

Fire Ins.

China Firo, \$215 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$590 n.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$33 b.
H. K. Steamboats, \$21 s.
H. K. Tugs, \$190 n.
Indo-China, (Prof.) \$30 n.
Shell Trans., 90/- n.
Star Ferries, \$54 n.
Waterboats, \$17 n.

Refineries.

China Sugars, \$13 s.
Malabons, \$30 s.

Mining.

Benguet, \$1.65 n.
Kailans, 62/6 s.
Langkats, \$171 n.
Shai Exploration, \$1.280 b.
Shanghai Loans, \$1.51 n.
Raub, \$31 b.
Tronohs, 19/3 n.
Ural Caspians, 3/- n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$1181 b.
Whampoa Docks, \$35 n.
Hongkew, \$145 b.
New Engineerings, \$1.41 b.
Shanghai Docks, \$1.90 n.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, 61 n.
H. K. Lands, \$561 s.
Realtys, \$6 n.
Territorials, \$14 s.
Humphreys, \$12.40 s.
Princes Bldgs, \$110 b.
Rural Lands, \$14 n.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, \$1.76 s.
Orientals, \$1.60 b.
Shai Cottons, \$1.47 n.

Buses, Trams.

China Buses, \$1.51 n.
Dor A. Wing, \$6 n.
H'kong Electric, \$521 s.
Macao Electric, \$43 n.
Ropes (Old) \$10 n.
Lane Crawfords, \$5 s.
Mackintosh, \$22 s.
Sincoras, \$4 n.
United Abestos, \$12 s.
Watsons, \$14 n.
Powers, \$5 s.

Telephone, 375 X. Div.
E'quo Indus., G. & Bonds, 53 b.

TO-DAY.

Dollar on demand 1/11 1/16
Lighting-up 5.56 p.m.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

NOTICE.

at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

Due articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

Letters and postcards only for the United Kingdom and Europe will be forwarded via Siberia if so superscribed.

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WAITE'S

ANTI-PY-O
DENTAL CREAM

Whitens and polishes the enamel—prevents the germ disease Pyorrhea—removes the film—corrects acid mouth. Formulated by a famous American dentist who has made a life-long study of the teeth and mouth.

Large Tube
40 Cents

Sold at Dental and Toilet Depts.

TRY A TUBE

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

HONGKONG AMUSEMENTS LTD. have pleasure in announcing that Sir James Barrie's famous story

PETER PAN

will be screened at the Queen's Theatre from Sunday to Tuesday October 23rd to 25th.
USUAL PRICES

Don't Forget

NAVY

LEAGUE

CONCERT

at QUEEN'S THEATRE

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21st at 9.30 p.m.

Booking at the Queen's from 19th inst.
Seats \$3.00 each.

DANCE FOR SERVICE-MEN.

AT HELENA MAY INSTITUTE.

Last evening a most successful dance for service men was held under the auspices of the "Cheer On" Y.M.C.A. at the Helena May Institute.

As the informal dances held at Charter Road have proved so popular it was decided to arrange something on a larger scale, and the effort was crowned with success. The hall was filled to capacity and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all. The music, supplied by the dance band of the "H.M.S. Danae," was much appreciated.

Many thanks are due to all those who helped to make the occasion such an outstanding success, and it is hoped that it will be possible to arrange further dances during the winter.

ST. PETER'S DEBATE.

THE PROFESSIONAL IN SPORT.

By an overwhelming majority, it was decided at last night's debate at the St. Peter's Young Men's Club that professionalism does not have a deteriorating effect on sport. There was a fair attendance, Mr. W. T. Tam occupying the chair.

Pte. Conrad moved the affirmative proposal and urged that professionalism was mixed up with gambling in its very worst form, referring to cases of "squared" fights, and of footballers deliberately setting themselves out to lose a game.

He suggested that sport as a whole had deteriorated because of the bad odour brought into it by professionalism.

His second, Mr. A. T. Lee said that the question of the provision of suitable and sufficient grounds for sport had been causing those in authority much food for thought, but he deprecated the fact that often in England 50,000 persons went to see 22 professional players play football. The supporters of the motion bore no animosity towards the professional, but regarded the system which permitted it as being out of line with the idea of playing the game for the game's sake, for the sake of one's manhood, and of using it as a form of social service.

The opposition was led by Mr. Lim Poh-tye who declared that professionals were essential to sport if only for the reason that amateurs would never get a sound grounding in the games unless they were taught by professional coaches.

As the Musician.

Sport all round had gone ahead rapidly in the last decade, and professionalism had yet to cause it any harm. A professional was paid for his talent in precisely the same manner as the musician.

Mr. P. Sands, seconded the opposition, and in the course of a racy speech, pointed out that Hobbs and Hammond were probably the greatest cricketers in the world. If they had not become professionals they would probably have been lost to the world of cricket through purely economic reasons. If they were in the position to do so they would probably prefer to be amateurs, but that was no reason to say that they did not play the game for sheer love of the game.

No Cure for Gambling.

The proposer's arguments were mainly beside the point. As far as gambling was concerned, for instance, professionalism might increase opportunities, but the two things could not be associated. If the public had no professional sport to gamble on, they would find some other means.

Other speakers joined the debate opposing the motion, and on a show of hands, the resolution "Professionalism Deteriorates Sport" was defeated.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

ORDERS BY THE CAPTAIN SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE.

Chinese Company.

Strength.—Constable R.78 Charles Sinn enrolled in the Chinese Company on October 15th.

Training.—Part 3 (Musketry). All members of the Chinese Company who have passed out of Part 2 will attend at the Kennedy Road Revolver Range on Saturday, October 22nd, for instruction in revolver shooting under Inspector H. J. Paterson. Firing commences at 2.30 p.m. sharp.

Indian Company.

Training.—Part 3 (Musketry). All members of the Indian Company who have passed out of Part 2 will attend at the Kennedy Road Revolver Range on Saturday, October 22nd, for instruction in revolver shooting under Inspector H. J. Paterson. Firing commences at 2.30 p.m. sharp.

Motor Cyclist Section (Flying Squad).

Training. All members of the Flying Squad who have not passed out of Part 1 will parade in mufti at the Central Police Station on Wednesday, October 19th, at 5.15 p.m. sharp for Squad Drill under Serjt. R. J. Hunt.

The weekly instructional patrol of the Hongkong section will start from Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp on Thursday, October 20th.

General.

Police Training School. Classes for instruction in Part 2 of training course will be held at the Police Training School under Inspector H. J. Paterson on Thursday, October 20th, and Tuesday, October 25th, commencing both evenings at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

Recruits.—All recruits of both the Chinese and Indian Companies will parade in mufti at the Central Police Station for Squad Drill and Rifle exercises under Sergeant R. J. Hunt on Thursday, October 20th, and Tuesday, October 25th, Fall in at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

(Sgd.) F. C. MOW FUNG, A.S.P. (R).

Acting Adjutant.

Hongkong, October 18, 1927.

HARBOUR DANGER.

A WARNING ISSUED.

In connexion with the harbour dredging which is now proceeding notice is given that no vessel should attempt to pass between the dredger off Kowloon Point and the four buoys laid to the westward of it. Three of these buoys support the dredger's head-chain and constitute a danger to craft attempting to pass between them.

The dredger's head cable is also supported between the most western buoy and one adjacent to it and there is a danger to the propellers of any vessel if an attempt is made to pass between.

The notice points out that any fouling of the chain might result in it falling to the bottom and fracturing the harbour cables.

PRINCESS ELOPES?

A RUMOUR FROM BUCHAREST.

London, Oct. 13.

The Westminster Gazette's Vienna correspondent to-day forwarded a dispatch from Bucharest saying it is rumoured that 19-year-old Princess Helena of Rumania had eloped with a young naval lieutenant, the former aide of the late King Ferdinand.

It was believed here that the rumour may be mere gossip, but colour was lent to it by a recent decree by the minister of the royal household forbidding Rumanian newspapers to publish anything concerning trips made by members of the royal family.

PHILIPPINES INDEPENDENCE.

SUPPORTED BY U. S. LABOUR.

Los Angeles, Oct. 18.

Endorsement of immediate independence for the Philippines was voted by the American Federation of Labour here to-day five minutes after delegates proposed the exclusion of Asiatics from continental United States.

The resolution was directed specifically against the influx of Filipino labourers to Hawaii and thence to the United States. It was adopted after the word Philippine had been changed to Asiatic throughout the measure.

President Green, in a speech before the convention, denounced Mussolini and the Fascists of both Italy and America as enemies of democracy.

William Green, who became head of the American Federation of Labour following the death of Samuel Gompers, was unanimously re-elected president at the annual convention of the organization here to-day. All other officers also were re-elected.

New Orleans was chosen as the place of the 1928 convention.

The Filipino immigration resolution, adopted earlier in the day, was introduced by Daniel C. Murphy, of San Francisco, who also fathered the independence resolution. Before the exclusion resolution was voted, Paul Scharenburg, of San Francisco, rose on a point of personal privilege and said, "I hope we will have a Filipino exclusion act if any considerable number of these people arrive on our shores."

FRENCH FLIGHT TO INDO-CHINA.

BIG PLANE TO BE USED.

Paris, Oct. 7.

The French Air Force is now organizing a flight between Paris and Hanoi, the capital of French Indo-China, via Bucharest, Constantinople and India.

The machine used will be equipped with a 1,000 h.p. motor and will carry five airmen under the command of Colonel Antoinet, who plans to complete the flight in twelve-and-a-half days, the start to be made at the end of this month. —Indo-pacific.

GOLD IN MANCHURIA.

REPORT OF CONCESSION TO BRITISH SYNDICATE.

Tokyo, Oct. 6.

A message from Harbin states that a group of British capitalists have signed an agreement with the Chinese authorities of Manchuria for the exploitation of gold mines in the province of Chahar. —Indo-pacific.

Established 1912.

THE

ROYAL

SHOE STORE.

Ladies' Dancing and

Walking Shoes.

also Lizard Skin Shoes

MADE TO ORDER

Expert Fit and Good

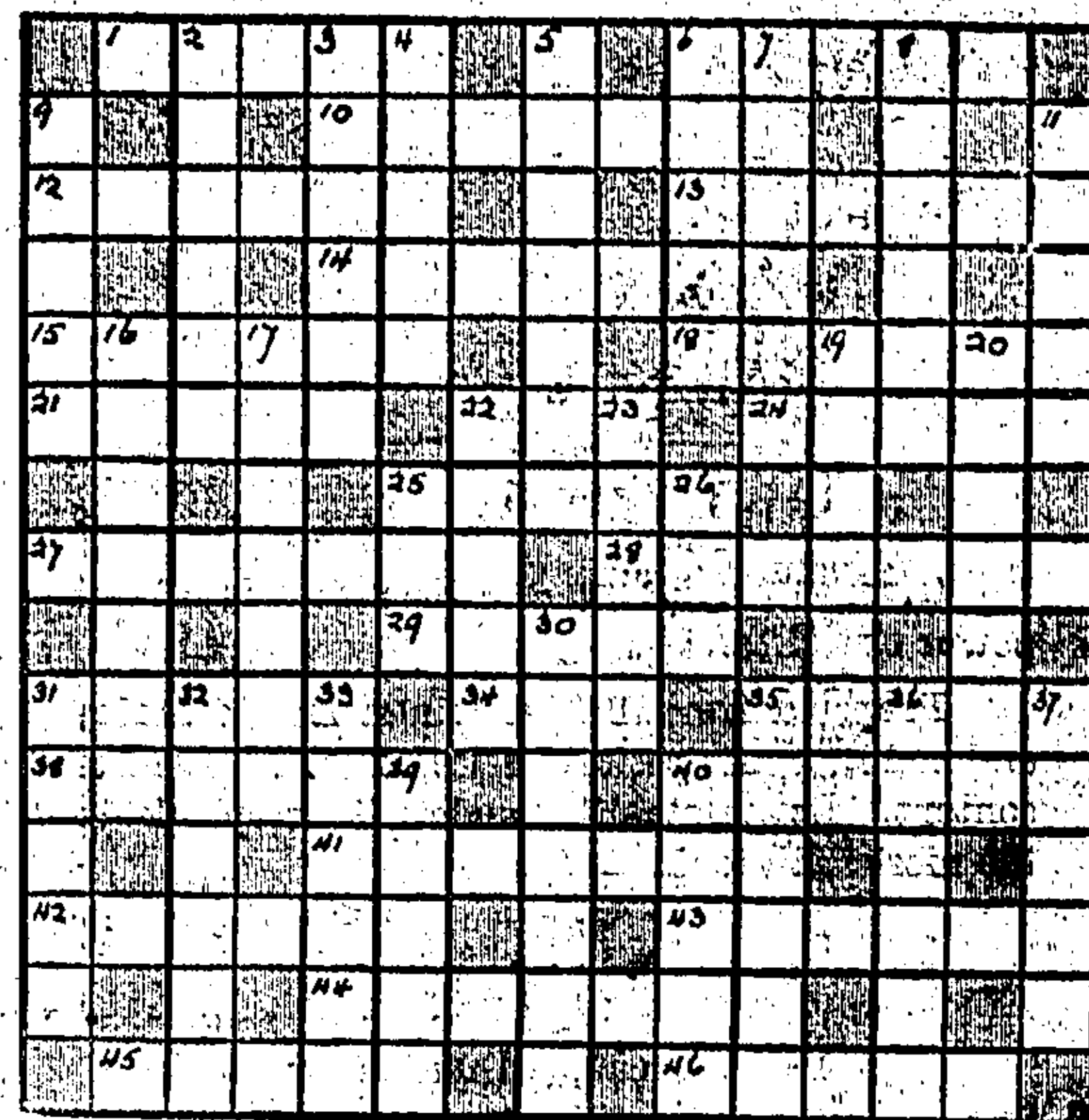
Workmanship.

No. 1, D'Aguiar Street.

Opposite Yee Sang Fat Co.

Telephone Central 3237.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



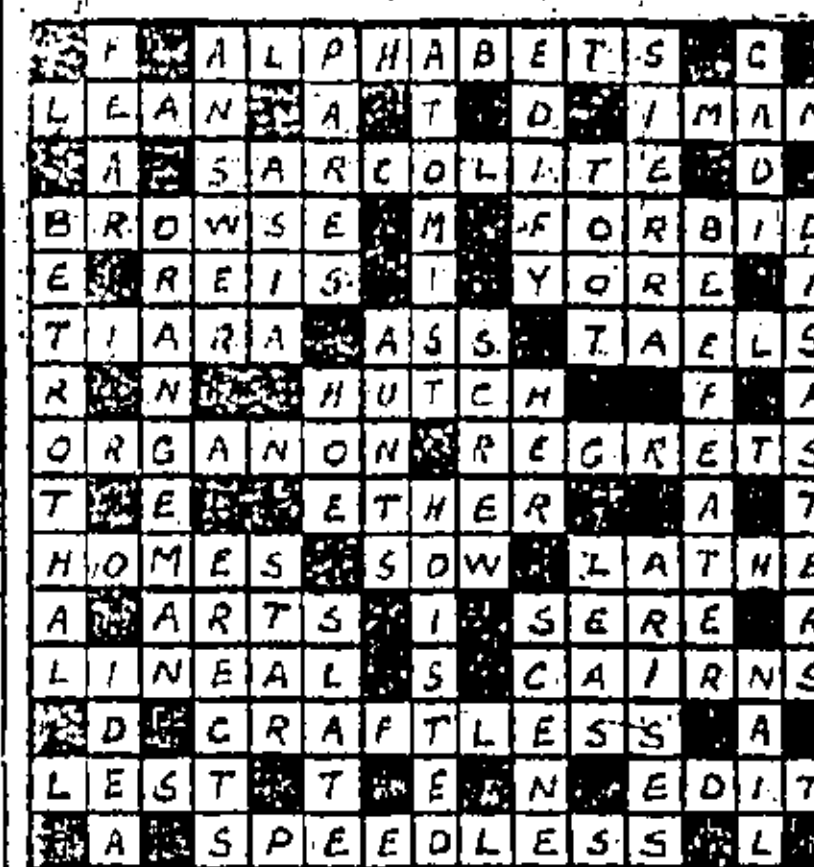
Across.

- 1 Measuring instruments.
- 6 Apart.
- 10 Disease.
- 12 Those who examine with perseverance.
- 13 Relating to medicine.
- 14 Tidiest.
- 15 Lessee.
- 18 Discovery.
- 21 Lowest point.
- 22 Haul.
- 24 Firm.
- 25 European fish.
- 27 Tastes.
- 28 Learned.
- 29 Sneeze.
- 31 Extreme confusion.
- 34 Female deer.
- 35 Satisfies.
- 36 Reputation.
- 40 An exchange.
- 41 Dressed.
- 42 Proclaim.
- 43 With ease and grace.
- 44 Arranged in threes.
- 45 One who cries.
- 46 Small meal.

Down.

- 2 Message.
- 3 One who receives compensation.
- 4 Face of sheep.
- 5 Follower of hobby.
- 6 Used in liquor manufacture.
- 7 Position.
- 8 Troublesome weed.
- 9 Reject with disdain.
- 11 Member of primitive Babylonian Race.

Yesterday's Puzzle.



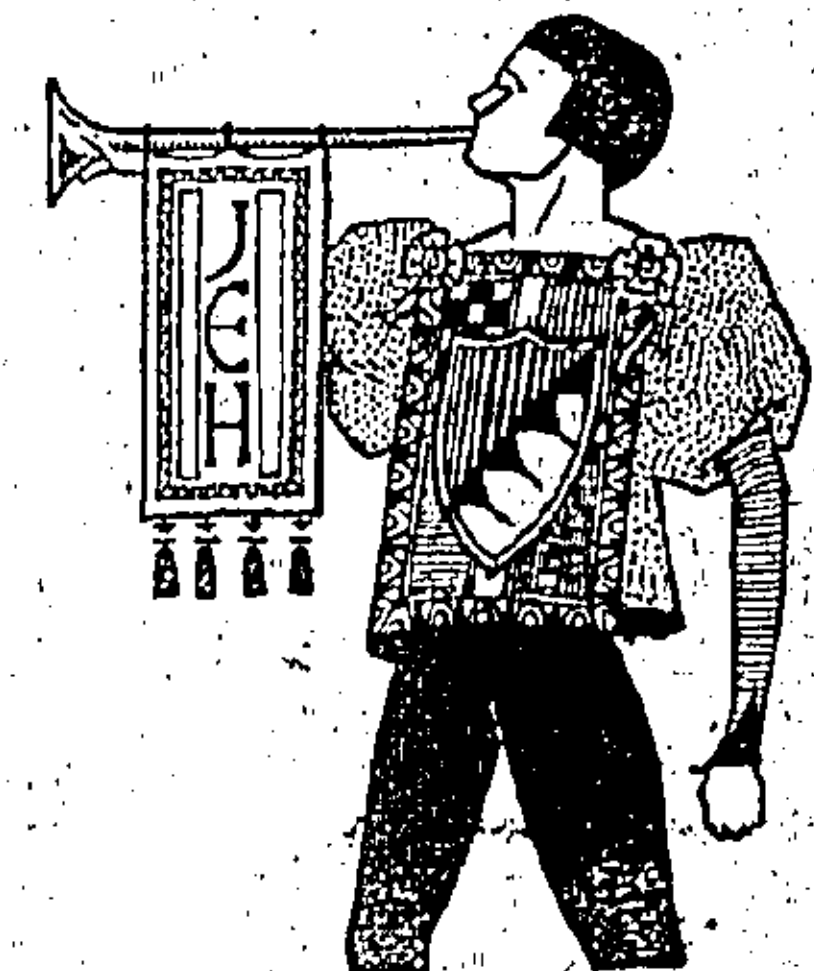
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TO SELL

ANNOUNCE IT

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FOR THE BEST GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, FRESH MEAT, FISH AND EGGS AND POULTRY. WE OFFER YOU THE BEST VALUE OBTAINABLE.

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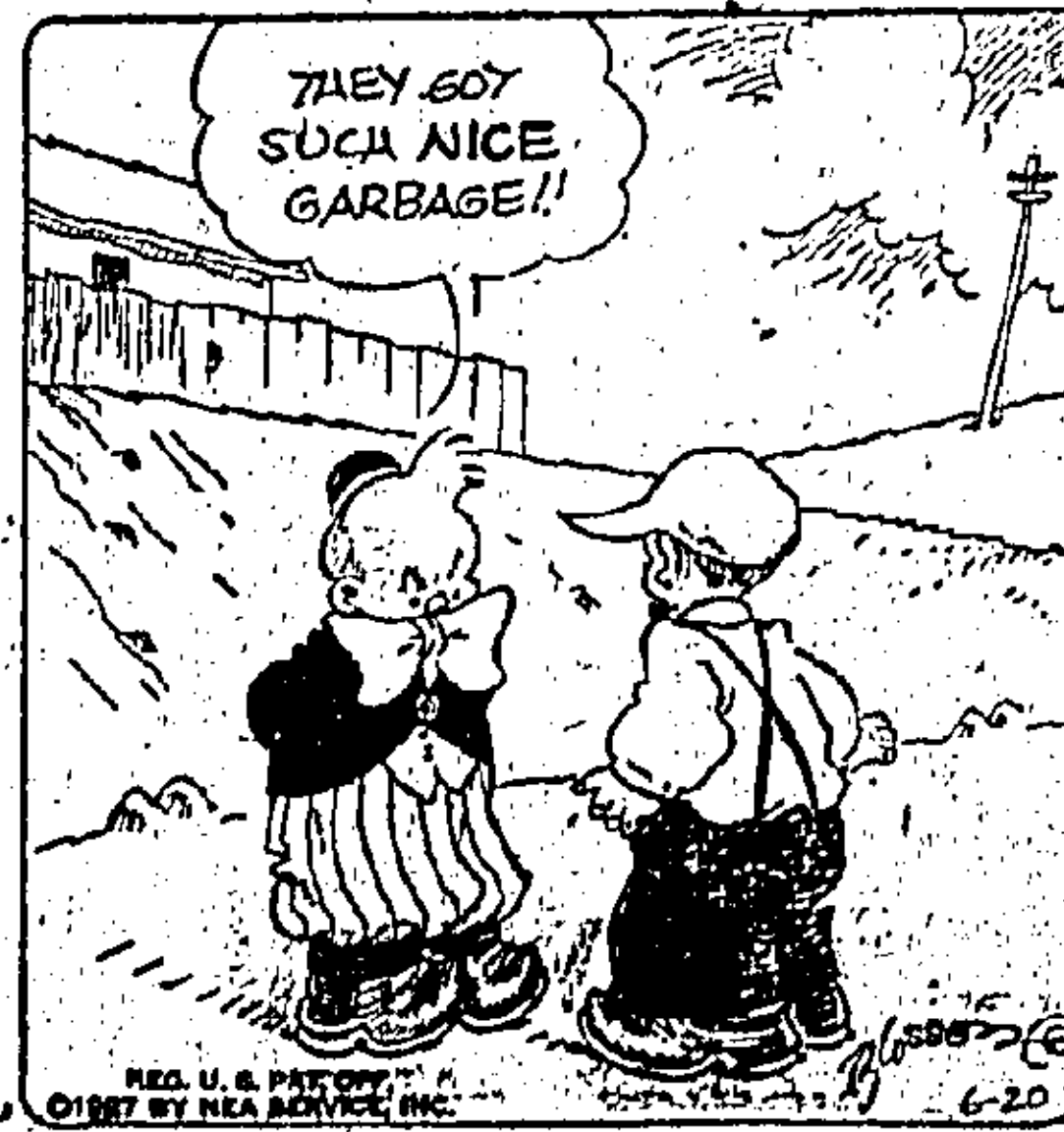
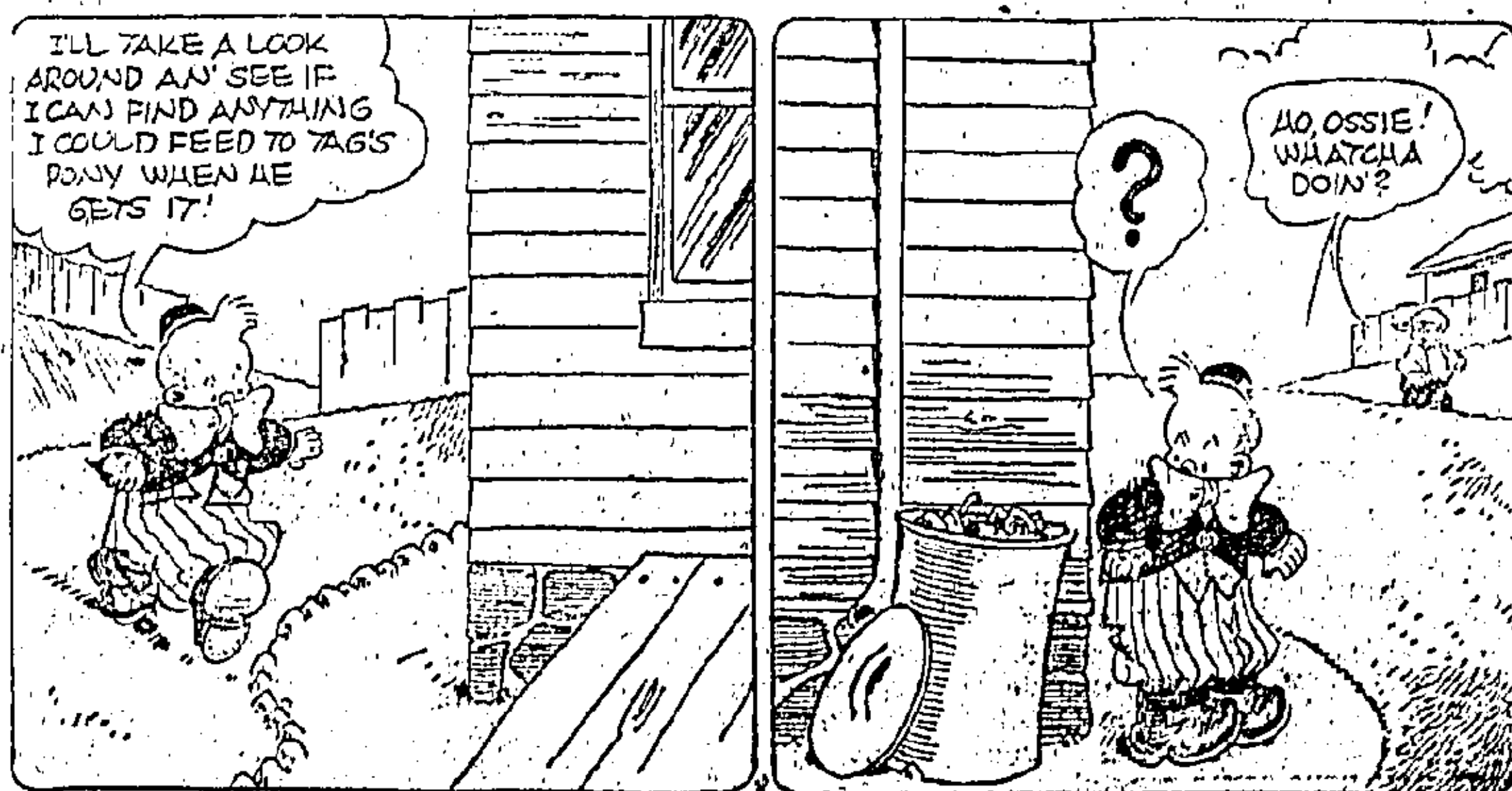
SANG LEE

69B Des Vaux Road. (Old Fire Station.)

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

A Sure Sign!

By Blosser



**COLD, DAMP,
AND
CHANGEABLE WEATHER**
bring to mind steps that may be taken
to protect the fragile and susceptible.

"WATSON'S"

MALT EXTRACT

WITH

COD LIVER OIL

Gives valuable support to the patient's natural
power of resistance.

Prepared from British winter malted barley
and cod liver oil specially selected for its vitamin
content. Its palatability makes it acceptable to
the most fastidious.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Phone C. 16.

Kowloon Dispensary K. 19.



For a lifetime of pleasure

THE Orthophonic Victrola is more than a wonderful
musical instrument. It is an investment in pleasure that
yields returns beyond anything you can imagine. Day
after day, year after year, it will entertain you and your
friends as nothing else can.

Please consider this an invitation to come in whenever
and as often as you like. If the Orthophonic Victrola
doesn't sell for you, no salesmanship ever will. Come
in any time—this is the better.

The New
Orthophonic



Victrola
S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.
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WRAP COATS.

**SMART
NEW STYLES**



IN

**VARYING
LENGTHS**

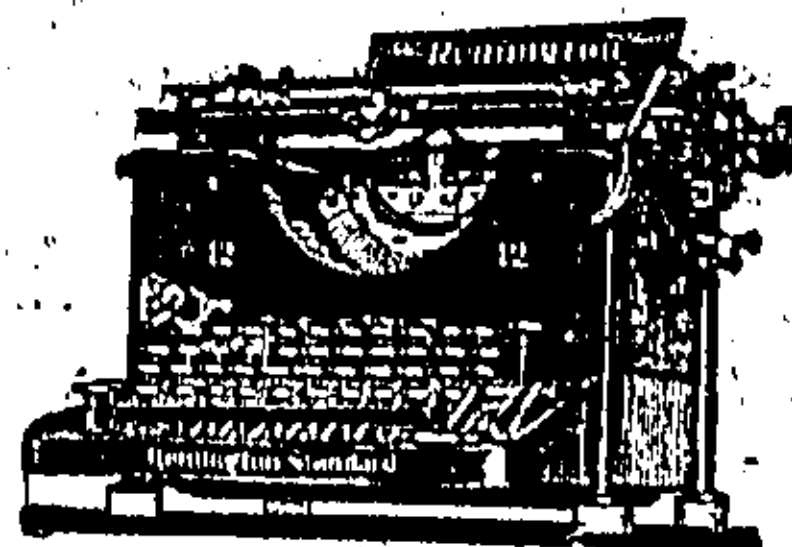


AND

NOT EXPENSIVE

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

LADIES' SALON.



AN UNPARALLELED TRIUMPH

This is the universal verdict
concerning the New Remington
Standard 12—a verdict which is reflected in
the choice of business offices
and business schools every-
where.

Examine this new model
and see the many funda-
mental improvements that
Remington has made in
typewriter construction.
We invite comparison on
every count whether ease
and speed of operation or
quality of work.

Mustard & Co., Ltd.

no. 10, 11 & 12, Companies

Ordinance Hongkong.

Alexandra Buildings,
Des Voeux Road Central?

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1927.

FOREIGN LOANS.

We were discussing quite recently
the problem of finding more
money with which Germany is
faced and whether it would be
wiser for her to increase her in-
ternal revenue so as to be able to
meet her foreign obligations or
whether it would be better to raise
money by loan and so spare her
population—for the present at any
rate—the burden of extra taxation.
It has apparently been decided by
the German Government to go into
the money market and raise further
loans, and it has been reported that
America will most probably be the
source of the new capital. It has
often been said of late that London
still remains the great money
market of the world, but we notice
that in the *Monthly Review* of one
of the great London banking houses
there is mention made of the want
of unemployed capital. The writer
of the article in question says that
one of the great problems at the
present time is that of obtaining an
adequate supply of fresh capital,
not only for the British Empire and
its development, but also for many
other countries, which, having lost
a substantial amount of their capital
through the war, now find great
difficulty in returning to prosperity,
in meeting their liabilities, and in
setting their industries again at
work.

It is necessary to remember that
there is a constant wastage of capital
and unless wastages are repaired
and additional capital created to
correspond with the ever-increasing
population, the standard of living
as a whole must inevitably decline.
The more developed countries of the
world, such as the United States
and Great Britain, are able to ac-
cumulate resources much more
rapidly than the less developed
countries, and the latter look to the
former for the capital necessary to
expand production. Moreover, if
Great Britain is to adopt an active
emigration policy—and an active
emigration policy offers one of the
most promising solutions of the
unemployment problem—it is only
reasonable that this country should
provide a substantial part of the
capital necessary to establish the
emigrants overseas. Further, a
more rapid opening up of the less
developed countries will not only
lead to larger purchases of capital
goods in Britain, but it will also
bring numerous orders in connexion
with subsequent repairs and re-
newals. In addition, by increasing
the production of foodstuffs and
raw materials, it will add to the

supply of commodities which can be
exchanged for manufactured goods.
Great Britain has already benefited
considerably from the substantial
amounts lent abroad before the war.
It is estimated that the net income
received by this country in 1926
in respect of interest on overseas
investment was about £270 millions
and last year, owing to the abnor-
mal conditions resulting from the
general strike and the coal stop-
page, the whole of this sum was
utilised in bridging the gap be-
tween imports and exports, both
visible and invisible, or, in other
words, none of the interest was re-
invested abroad.

It is no doubt correct that unless
sooner or later, some portion of the
annual interest is brought home in
the form of goods, the advantage of
a foreign investment policy may
appear to be of a negative order.
The large amount of the interest
payments made to Great Britain,
suggests that it should be possible,
without undue effort, appreciably to
increase the volume of our overseas
loans, and yet still to enjoy, in the
form of current consumption, a con-
siderable part of the annual inter-
est. Even if, as before the war,
the new lendings were approxima-
tely to equal the amount of the inter-
est, or even to exceed it, consider-
able advantages should still accrue,
while in addition, British resources
abroad for use in times of emer-
gency, would be increased. But
any substantial improvement in the
volume of overseas loans must de-
pend upon the necessary resources
first being made available and, in
turn, the accumulation of resources
will be largely influenced by the
relation of British prices to those
of competitor countries and by the
individual willingness to save.

Kowloon Amenities.

There were one or two points in
the last report of K.R.A. activities
which deserve further comment.
One dealing with street lighting,
airs a grievance which is long-
standing, and certainly calls for
early consideration. However, the
Government is apparently plead-
ing poverty, and leaving it at that.
We rather think such an excuse is
more of the penny-wise-pound-
foolish type than an economic feat
of retrenchment, and trust that
the final word has not been said
on the matter. Then, and related
somewhat to the other case of
complaint so far as economy goes,
there is the strong protest against
the erection of most unsightly
advertisement hoardings on the
peninsula. We had occasion to
draw attention to the hoarding
opposite the Kowloon Hotel when
it was in course of construction.
This eyesore faces everyone now,
and perhaps people are getting
used to it. Anyhow, it appears as
if the powers that be, from a stand
point on the island, are unable to
appreciate a Kowloon aspect of the
matter, for now a big hoarding
has gone up beside the railway
station. This the K.R.A. has pro-
tested against in spirited terms,
and it remains to be seen what
will be done about it. We presume
the authorities, with the economy
factor in mind, are pleased to
earn whatever revenue accrues
from permitting the erection of
such hoardings on its land. We
call to mind the case of two
garages which were suffered to
appear—one of them never finished,
the other demolished by our
last big typhoon blow—on the
edge of Salisbury Road, despite
obvious complication of the al-
ready serious traffic problem. But
we think the matter of rentals
should be subordinate to due con-
sideration of the amenities of the
peninsula residential district.
To spoil the effect of what is
practically the only landing place
on the mainland, is to commit the
area to definite disfigurement. It
is indeed surprising that the
Government, after specially con-
sidering the better alignment of
the waterfront buildings at
Tsim-sha-tui Point for artistic
reasons, should allow the erection
of a type of eyesore which has
received the adverse attention of
British Isles. It is one of those
seeming official anomalies on which
the layman quite naturally seeks
early enlightenment.

Shanghai, like Hongkong, is
experiencing the vagaries of the
weather and last Tuesday the
thermometer dropped to a minimum
of 63 while on the previous day the
maximum temperature was 91.4. So
far as some of the older residents
remember such a hot day in October
has not occurred within twelve
years and none could remember any
such leap from winter to summer
as occurred last week-end.

DAY BY DAY.

LOVE CAN MAKE US FIENDS AS
WELL AS ANGELS.—Charles Kings-
ley.

The B.I. s.s. Talamba is due
here from Singapore on Thursday
morning.

The Ben Line s.s. Benrooch from
Home ports is due here on Thurs-
day, October 27th.

The P. and O. s.s. Devanha ar-
rived at Marseilles on October 15
and the Novara on October 17.

Forthcoming weddings include
that of Mr. C. J. Pintos, foreman,
P.W.D. Peak Reservoir Station, to
Mrs. M. F. Pintos, widow, of the
same address.

Among the passengers who de-
parted to-day aboard the s.s. Taiyo
Maru for northern ports and San
Francisco were Mr. C. H. Benson
and Mr. J. M. da Rocha.

Passengers arriving by s.s. Aki
Maru from Japan and way ports
this morning, included Lieut. Col.
R. G. Clarke, Lieut. Col. H. N. A.
Hunter, and Mr. R. J. Grier.

The Hospital Comforts Committee
begs to acknowledge, with many
thanks, receipt of parcels of litera-
ture from Mrs. W. A. Cornell, Mrs.
Duckworth, Mr. Pryde and the Hon.
Mr. J. Owen Hughes.

A Chinese, aged 53, was admitted
to the Kwong Wah Hospital suffer-
ing from the effects of opium poison-
ing, believed to be self-adminis-
tered. The man was found in a
serious condition in a house in
Temple Street, Yamati.

At the Marine Court this morn-
ing, before Commr. G. F. Hole,
the master of a cargo junk plead-
ed guilty to navigating the har-
bour without navigation lights,
and was fined \$15, with the alterna-
tive of two weeks' imprisonment.

Mr. Ziegfeld, of the Ziegfeld
Follies, offered Mr. C. B. Cochran
over £2,000 for the one number
"My Heart Stood Still," the per-
forming rights of which are held
by Mr. R. B. Salisbury for the East.
The "Quaints" open to-night at the
Theatre Royal.

The Royal Observatory reports:
The anti-cyclone is central over N.
China and Manchuria. The typhoon
has passed to the N. E. of the
Boins. Moderate monsoon may be
expected along the S. E. coast of
China and over the N. China Sea.
The local forecast is: N. E. winds,
moderate; fine.

The Exhibition of *Objects d'Art*
at Komer and Komor's Salon is at-
tracting much attention, there
being an unusually fine collection of
exquisite cloisonne, ivory carvings
and other gems of Japanese Art.
Those who appreciate the very best
in such works, are advised to visit
the Exhibition which will remain
open for only a few days more.

This morning's Harbour Office
reports gave 14 arrivals and 15
departures, of which six and five
respectively were British. Car-
goes for local discharge were low,
but through freights were better,
while the tonnage was above the
40,000 mark. There remained 57
vessels in harbour at 9 a.m. this
morning, of which 21 were British.

The following ships are expected
to be in wireless communication
with Hongkong to-day: Talamba,
Tonkin, Bandoong Maru, Taiyo
Maru, Tamba Maru, Mishimi Maru,
Kashima Maru, Deli Maru, Ikoma-
san Maru, Yagawa Maru, Mandan-
san Maru, Philoctetes, Changie,
Tonkin, President Taft, Linan,
Asia, Camipinas, Sarpodon, Tonjer,
Eurylochus, Malwa.

Whilst berthing at the Canton
Wharf this morning, the engines
of the Lungshan temporarily hung
up, with the result that the anchor
had to be dropped. The position
of the ship was such that the an-
chor fouled the steam launch
Victoria's buoy, which is now
sunk. Craft from Takoo are now
engaged in lifting the anchor to
clear the moorings.

Mr. Joseph P. Heilbronn,
capitalist and well-known paper
dealer of Manila, is passing
through Hongkong with Mrs. Heil-
bronn on his way to attend a
stockholders' meeting of the
Cosmos Paper Co., of Shanghai,
one of the numerous concerns in
which he is interested. He will
then proceed to the United States
to inspect the New York office of
the J. P. Heilbronn Company.

Those who thought that the
spacious extensions to Lane,
Crawford's Restaurant were
somewhat ambitious, have un-
doubtedly altered their opin-
ion, so popular has the enterprise
proved, thus thoroughly justifying
the firm's policy. Yesterday after-
noon, when Mlle. de Coudar and
her partner gave exhibitions of
modern dances, the demand for ac-
commodation was so great that
many had to be turned away. The
dances were exceptionally well ex-
ecuted, evoking hearty applause at
the conclusion of each item.

NEGLIGENT DRIVING CHARGE.

INCIDENT ON CASTLE PEAK
ROAD.

The case in which the Chinese
driver of private motor car No.
124 was summoned for failing to
sound his horn and negligent
driving, at the Tai Lam Chung
cutting on September 25, which
commenced before Mr. W. Schofield
at the Kowloon Magistracy yester-
day afternoon, was concluded this
morning, when the defendant was
fined on both summonses.

As reported elsewhere in this
issue, the defendant drove his car
round the cutting, which is a
blind corner about three miles
from Castle Peak, at such a speed
that he swerved to the right
centre of the road, imperilling the
occupants of a car, driven by
Inspector Marks, which was travel-
ling in the opposite direction.

The defendant professed ignor-
ance of the incident and the case
was adjourned for his master to
be called.

In giving evidence this morning,
the master stated that the defen-
dant drove him to a place named
Nam Tei in the New Territories
on the afternoon of the day in
question. They started on the re-
turn journey at between five and
six o'clock in the evening, but he
did not remember the incident of
meeting another car at the bend,
nor of anyone shouting or holding
up their hand. He had employed
the defendant as driver for three
years, and he had not been in-
volved in any accident.

In answer to Inspector Marks,
witness denied that he told the
defendant when they started back it
was six o'clock. He caught the
7.20 p.m. ferry back to Hongkong.
Inspector Marks pointed out
that the defendant had said his
master told him it was six o'clock
when they started back. Further,
if they left Nam Tei at six o'clock
and arrived in Kowloon in time
for the master to catch the 7.20
p.m. ferry, they must have
travelled fast.

For not sounding his horn the
defendant was fined \$5 and for
negligent driving, \$20.

RIFLE SHOOTING COMPETITION.

PORTUGUESE MARKSMEN,
WIN CUPS.

Some excellent shooting was
seen on the occasion of the annual
rifle competition of the Portuguese
Company, H.K.V.D.C., which was
held at Stonecutters on Sunday.
The competition shooting was
fired in connexion with Musketry
Part 11 and the 44 competitors
were classified as follows:—One
marksman, four first class shots,
and 32 second class shots. Three
men failed as marksmen by a very
small margin.

The weather was fine, the light
being ideal for the shooting.

The results are appended:—
Lusitano Club Cup (for the
highest scorer throughout the Part
II Course, winner to hold the cup
for 1 year and to receive a replica
of same). Won by Pte. C. G.
Silva, total score 92 points.

Runner up Cup, presented by 4
privates, won by 2/Lt. S. Jarvis
M.C. total score 89 points, (best
points at the last range).

Runner up Cup, for third place,
presented by O.C. Company, won
by Pte. F. A. M. Rosario, total
score 89 points.

Team Competition won by Pte.
C. G. Silva's team, consisting of
Ptes. F. P. Sequeira, C. F. V. Re-
beiro and J. C. Remedios.

200 yds. Application.—Ptes.
C. G. Silva and F. P. Sequeira, 19
pts. Max. 20.

200 yds. Snap Shooting.—Ptes.
C. S. M. Rodrigues and C. G. Silva,
17 pts. Max. 20.

200 yds. Rapid Shooting.—Ptes.
H. J. Silva and F. A. M. Rosario,
30 pts. Max. 30.

500 yds. Application.—Pte. C. G.
Silva, 14 pts. Max. 20.

Hidden Number.—Pte. M. A.
Silva.

HONGKONG ESTATE OF \$83,200.

A SON UNDER AGE.

Hongkong estate to the value of
\$83,200 was left by Ko Kai-cheung,
alias Tsz Ku, late of Ching Hoi
village, Chiu Chow, Swatow, who
died at that village on January
22, 1924.

Probate has been granted to Ko
Yuk-yan, 10 Bonham Strand, and
manager of the Electric Light
Company, Swatow.

The will directs that the estate
be managed and controlled by
Yuk-yan, until the son, Yui-yan
comes of age, when they shall
control the estate between them.

The Very Idea!

Sandy and Pat were included in
an exploration party, and in a very
remote spot they discovered some
empty whisky bottles.

"Ah," said Sandy, "a Scotsman
has been here first."
"No," added Pat, "if that were
so he would have taken the bottles
back."

The following story of King
Edward appears in "Fifty Years
of Spook," a book of reminiscences
by the veteran comedian, Mr.
Arthur Roberts:—

On one occasion King Edward,
when Prince of Wales, visited Ar-
thur Roberts in his dressing room
at the Palace Theatre. "Arthur's"
dresser, being nervous, fumbled
with the key of a tumbler, when
the Prince observed, "Don't
trouble, let me have some whisky
out of the bottle behind Mr. Rob-
erts' looking-glass"—a bottle
which "Arthur" thought he had
hidden.

"Let that child leave the court,"
ordered Mr. Justice Swift in "The
Divorce Court" yesterday, indicat-
ing a girl who stood in the gang-
way of the crowded court.

"Whatever one may think about
other spectators, this is not the
place for children," added the
judge.

A barrister, who appeared in
the case then before the judge, in-
dicated that the girl was a cham-
bermaid witness.

Mr. Justice Swift: Oh! If she
is sufficiently old to be cham-
bermaid at an hotel she is old enough
to come back into court.

The girl returned and gave evi-
dence.

Professor Ridley, a British
scientist, says that apes sing.
The professor must have been
listening outside the bathroom of
our boarding-house.

Money paid by the motorist
might be applied to better illumi-
nation.—Mr. A. C. Cramb.

No serious person believes it
is possible in the present state
of affairs to prevent all wars.—Mr.
E. Everett Reid.

Men who are very much impress-
ed with their own importance sel-
dom impress others.—Mr. Rooth
(Lambeth Magistrate.)

They were strangers, but were
sitting in deck chairs next to one
another on the pier. Suddenly the
young man turned to the girl.

"Pardon me," said he, "but
your face is familiar."

"So is your manner," retorted
the girl.

An innocent man who was com-
mitted for trial on a charge of
stealing three rings valued at
£110 was discharged at Folkestone
Quarter Session when the grand
jury under the direction of the
Recorder threw out the bill against
John Rice.

It had been stated at the police
court that Rice took a ring to a
jeweller, and sold it. Later he
was arrested at Deal, and at once
denied the theft.

A ring sold by Rice was pro-
duced in court, and identified by
Mrs. Estcourt as her engagement
ring, but Rice declared that the
ring was his property.

The Recorder, Mr. Roland Oliver,
K.C., told the grand jury in his
charge that since Rice was com-
mitted for trial Mrs. Estcourt had
found the three missing rings in
her flat.

"And what are you going to call
him?" asked the doctor of the
happy father.

"Reginald D'Arcy, sir."

"That's rather an uncommon
name for the East End of London,
isn't it?"

"Yes, sir. But I want him to
be a boxer."

"I don't quite see the con-
nexion," replied the somewhat
mystified doctor.

"Oh, that's easy, sir. Look at
the practice he will get at school
with a name like that."—*Daily
News.*

Oh, have you heard? Mrs.
Smith died to-day while trying on
a new dress.
How sad! What was it trim-
med with?

CAMERONIANS LEAVE TO-MORROW.

EMBARKING ON THE
KARMALA.

Only some three hundred strong,
since the "A" Reservists were re-
leased earlier in the year, the re-
mainder of the 1st Battalion of the
Cameroniens (Scottish Rifles) are
leaving for Home to-morrow on the
s.s. Karmala, following the Govern-
ment policy of reducing the British
forces in China.

A number of other details are also
leaving to-morrow.

The Northamptonshire Regiment,
as announced recently, will be leav-
ing for Shanghai early in November
leaving the Scots' Guards,
Queen's Royal Regiment and the
2nd Batt. K.O.S.B. as the Colony's
garrison.

"MOON-CAKE" AND "BANANAS."**HOW "SQUEEZE" SYSTEM OPERATED.****ALLEGED WEEK-END LEVY.**

The hearing of the "squeeze" charges against seven Chinese constables attached to the Hawkers Supervision Department, was continued before Mr. R. E. Lind-sell this morning, when further evidence was given by hawkers concerning the levies which they stated they were required to pay to one or other of the defendants, through the intermediary of other hawkers.

In all cases, it was revealed that this weekly levy amounted, to 80 cents the prompt payment of which during the week-end would confer immunity from arrest for the following week.

In this connexion, the utterance of such curious words as "moon-cake" and "bananas" was shown to have been in vogue amongst the hawkers during the past few years when threatened with arrest.

Before the hearing was resumed this morning, Mr. Davidson said that he desired an adjournment before opening the defence, if it was found that it was possible to close the case for the prosecution to-day.

The case is proceeding.

FRANCE AND THE U.S.A.**TARIFF HITCH REMAINS.**

Washington Oct. 17. It is understood that the proposals in the French tariff Note, received on Saturday, do not appear satisfactory. *—Reuter's American Service.*

Several Objections.

The trouble over the tariff question appears to be the conditions France attaches to the concessions as regards the customs status of American goods during the negotiation of a commercial treaty. State Department officials observe that it will be necessary to examine the Note in co-operation with the Tariff Commission and the Commerce Department before a reply can be made. There is apparently some doubt as to whether the conditions are inseparable from the concessions, but if they are, another deadlock in the controversy seems inevitable. *—Reuter's American Service.*

A Paris message of October 14 stated: Before the Council of Ministers, M. Bokanowski, the Minister for Commerce, communicated to his colleagues an outline of the French reply to the last American note on the tariff dispute. The Government approved the reply, which is immediately being transmitted to Washington. It is believed that the French Government propose, while the negotiations are proceeding, that America shall have the benefit of the tariff applied to her before 1921, and consequently as the result of this new *modus vivendi*, the United States will return to the position she occupied before 1910. This is an important concession, as in several cases the maximum tariff applicable to America will be below the minimum tariff conceded to Germany.

"BEHIND THE FRONT."**WAR COMEDY AT QUEEN'S THEATRE.**

To-day's picture at the Queen's Theatre is a special comedy called "Behind the Front," which depicts the sunny side of the war. The story is full of amusing and exciting incidents. The central figures are a detective and a pickpocket who are lured into joining the army by a pretty girl and unaware of each other's identity become firm friends. Wallace Beery plays the role of the detective and Raymond Hatton that of the pickpocket. Both are excellent and it is as much to their acting as the cleverness of the "gags" that the picture owes its success. Mary Brian is charming as the leading lady and Chester Conklin heads the strong supporting cast. "Behind the Front" is a comedy first and last and should be much enjoyed.

Drummer Stanley Panther, of the 1st Battalion Queen's Royal Regiment, has been awarded the Royal Humane Society's parchment for having saved a man from drowning, at Stonecutters Island, Hongkong, on June 1, Drummer L. W. Steward, of the same regiment, who, being unable to swim, had got into difficulties.

THE R. A. F. FLYING BOATS.**ARRIVAL AT BORDEAUX.**

Paris, Oct. 17. The British Royal Air Force flying boats arrived at Bordeaux at two o'clock in the afternoon. *—Reuter.*

Start from Plymouth.

London, Oct. 17. The most ambitious service flight yet planned began at nine o'clock this morning at Plymouth, when four Air Force supermarine flying-boats under the command of Group Captain Cave-Brown-Cave started on a 25,000-mile-cruise to India, Singapore and Australia. The shore batteries boomed a salute as the flyingboats with their white hulls, aluminium wings and graceful yacht-like lines scintillating in the brilliant sunshine circled preparatory to the historic flight.

The machines were designed by Mr. Mitchell, the creator of the Schneider Cup, winner and are equipped hotel-like and provided with medical stores, workshops and spare parts which make the machines virtually self-sufficient during a year's tour. *—Reuter.*

LOAN OVER-SUBSCRIBED.**LIST STILL OPEN.**

Within a very short time of the opening yesterday of the public subscription lists in connexion with the issue by the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank of \$3,000,000 of the Hongkong Government Public Works Loan, the issue was over-subscribed.

The lists, however, are being kept open for the time being, and we were informed by an official of the Bank this morning, that they will remain open until the Government decides otherwise.

From other sources, it is learned that an amount in the region of \$11,000,000 was applied for by investors up till yesterday.

"WINE OF YOUTH."**THE STORY OF A FLAPPER AT THE STAR.**

"Wine of Youth," the film version of the play, "Mary the Third," is the chief item in the new continuous programme at the Star Theatre to-day and to-morrow. The story tells how a typical flapper of modern days decides which of her swains to marry by taking them both on an unchaperoned camping party. Eleanor Boardman plays the role of the flapper and there are not less than eight leading men, namely Ben Lyon, William Haines, William Collier, Jr., Bobby Agnew, Johnnie Walker, Creighton Hale, Niles Welch and James Morrison.

U.S. FINANCE AIDS POLAND.**A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.**

New York, Oct. 17. The American portion of the Polish bond issue of G\$47,000,000 will be offered on October 18 at a price yielding 7.68 per cent. per annum to investors.

It is also announced that the United States Federal Reserve system is participating in the credit arrangements by various other banks, and has agreed to purchase from the Polski Bank prime commercial bills up to a total of G\$5,250,000. *—Reuter's American Service.*

TURKISH OIL FIND.**BIG SPOUT ON A STRIKE.**

Bagdad, Oct. 17. A Turkish petroleum company has struck oil at one of its drilling installations near Kirkuk, where the oil shot into the air at the rate of 5,000 tons every 24 hours. The oil will be burned pending the closing of the well until commercial production is required. *—Reuter.*

FLYING DISASTER.**CRASH AT HONOLULU.**

Honolulu, Oct. 17. The pilot and three passengers of a commercial aeroplane were killed when the machine took fire in mid-air and crashed on Oahu Island. *—Reuter.*

NEW TAXATION.**MALAYAN BUDGET FORECAST.****"ONLY ALTERNATIVE."**

In the course of the Budget speeches in the Straits Settlements Legislative Council last week, the need for economy was stressed, and further taxation was foreshadowed.

The acting Colonial Secretary, in the course of his speech, said, *inter alia*: It is estimated that the excess of the Assets of the Colony over its Liabilities at the end of the current year will be about \$55 million, of which \$32½ million will be locked up in loans and advances, leaving a balance of \$22½ million with which to commence the year 1928. Our loan commitments will be about \$3¼ million, so that the sum available to meet expenditure in the future will be \$18½ million. The draft Estimates provide for a deficit of \$9¼ million and our available surplus is thus reduced to \$9¼ million. The repayment by the Municipal Commissioners, Singapore, of a loan of \$13 million is due in 1923, but it has been decided that a loan is to be floated by the Municipality in July, 1928, and that this loan of \$13 million is to be repaid from the sum so raised.

The available surplus will thus be increased to \$22½ million. From this amount we have to meet foreseen expenditure commitments of \$9¼ million as shown in the draft Estimates in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and also unforeseen expenditure not included in the Budget now before the Council.

Two Alternatives.

The position, so far as our bail-nees are concerned, may be said to be secure, we should, after meeting all foreseen commitments, be able to close the year 1928 with a surplus of \$45¼ million, of which \$12½ million will be readily available. At the same time none but the most hardened optimist could view with satisfaction a Budget which shows an expenditure of \$9¼ million in excess of the annual revenue, and although we are in the happy position of having amassed sufficient savings to be able to live beyond our income for a year or two longer, the process obviously cannot go on indefinitely and one of two courses will have to be adopted; either expenditure will have to be curtailed—which will mean a slowing down of the rate at which the amenities demanded by the modern conception of the term "civilization" are made available—or else revenue will have to be increased—which of course means that the tax-payer will have to open his pocket somewhat wider.

At the end of 1925 our savings, that is to say our gross surplus, was \$63 millions. At the end of this year it will be \$55 millions and at the end of 1928, if our estimates of revenue and expenditure prove accurate, it will have fallen to under \$46 millions.

Desirable Works Long Overdue.

Notwithstanding the large deficit for which the draft estimates allow, it is possible that they will be criticised for what they omit rather than for what they include. It has been a far from congenial task to cut out provision for works and services which are not merely very desirable but in many cases long overdue.

Mr. Wolff also referred to the expenditure of the medical services under the four headings medical, health, branch, social hygiene branch and hospitals and dispensaries and said that while he had done his best to keep the expenditure down as far as possible, the efficiency of these important services would not be impaired. Hon. members would, he thought, agree that in view of the very rapid expansion of the medical department and the need for adequate maintenance of such large establishments as the new General Hospital and New Mental Hospital the provision asked for was not excessive.

Under Military expenditure he recorded a very large increase in the item Defence Contribution. They were still in correspondence with the Secretary of State for the Colonies and at the present moment he was unable to make any definite statement except to repeat the remarks he made in the Council on July 11, 1927, that the interests of the Colony in the matter were being most carefully looked after.

Police Department Provision.

He continued: The Police Department has of late been much in the public eye. I have heard in certain quarters a suggestion that this most important department has been starved financially; so it may not be out of place here (Continued on Page 14.)

A NON-POLITICAL SEAMEN'S UNION.**BEING ESTABLISHED IN HONGKONG.**

Following the radical changes in the organisation of the Canton Seamen's Union during the upheaval of the past few days, it is rumoured in the Colony this morning, according to the vernacular press, that the management aim to send delegates to Hongkong requesting permission from the Hongkong Government to form a branch union in the Colony.

Enquiries by a *Telegraph* representative this morning revealed that up to the present nothing has been done in connexion with the Union plans, and further, that while the proscription imposed by the Governor-in-Council exists, no branch is likely to be permitted.

At the present juncture, the Government is encouraging the formation in Hongkong of a new seamen's organisation, non-political and designed chiefly on the friendly society basis, as to which big hopes are held out for success.

The seamen in the past have had every reason to be dissatisfied with the Union because of the frequent disappearances of the funds, sometimes used for political purposes, but more often lost when officials have absconded.

The Government is lending every assistance to those who are working to establish the new organisation on a sound practical basis, partly with a view to giving other unions in the Colony an example of how things can be done if responsible people have measure of control.

We understand that a fair measure of support is being received from the seamen already, and that the present prospects of the new society are very favourable.

PORCUPINE HIT BY A CAR.**INCIDENT ON REPULSE BAY ROAD.**

A reader sends us an account of his seeing a porcupine on the Repulse Bay road last night, and comments on this probably being an unusual thing for Hongkong. We understand that porcupines are not uncommon in certain parts of the New Territories, but certainly appear to be rare on the island. The animal seen last night may be a member of some isolated family of porcupines, or may have been conveyed across from the mainland and have escaped.

Our informant states that he was proceeding along Repulse Bay road last night in a car, and saw the animal on the road, scrambling across, a car just in front having hit it, probably merely a glancing blow. It was quite a big creature, about two feet long, and went up the hillside. Our informant got down and found a number of the animal's quills, which the car ahead had knocked out.

OLD WOMAN'S PLEA.**TO BE GIVEN A FREE LICENSE.**

An old woman, who could hardly walk, appeared in tears before Major C. Willson this morning, charged with hawking eggs in Caine Road, without a license.

Inspector Barnett, who prosecuted, said that the woman was brought to the Charge Room by an Indian constable. She had no money to bail herself out so that the police had to lend her \$1 for the purpose. The Inspector added that he thought this was a very pitiable case and asked his Worship to do something for the woman.

In reply to the Magistrate the woman said that she was 80 years of age and was without any relatives. She had to earn her own living.

His Worship recommended the old woman to receive a free license.

"THE BLACK PIRATE."**FAMOUS FILM AT WORLD THEATRE.**

Described as the wonder film of the year in which it was produced, "The Black Pirate" is being screened again in Hongkong, being the feature attraction at the World Theatre from to-day to Saturday. The picture has been shown in the Colony before, but it is sure to draw crowded houses during its present run, because local cinema-goers will not have a further opportunity of seeing it in the Colony. The hero of "The Black Pirate" is Douglas Fairbanks, moving easily and lithely through a series of amazing and thrilling adventures against a picturesque background. The picture is in full natural colours.

TWENTY-ONE DROWN-ED IN TYPHOON.**MOTOR SHIP SINKS IN PHILIPPINES.****DETAILS STILL LACKING.**

Twenty-one persons are believed to have lost their lives when the motorship Taculin foundered in a typhoon on October 4 only a short distance from the location where the steamer Negro sank on May 19 with a loss of 81 lives. There were 24 persons aboard the Taculin, including the crew, and only three survivors have been found.

Details concerning the disaster are lacking, says the *Manila Bulletin*. The constabulary received a telegram from the commander at Rio Guinobatan stating that Narciso Sarayno, Miguel Calvez and Diosdado Gonzales had landed at barrio Talib, near Aroroy, Masbate, last Saturday night on a raft. These men claimed they were members of the crew of the Taculin and stated that the boat had been wrecked near the Banton Islands on the evening of October 4.

Early on Friday morning Colonel Lucien Sweet sent a telegram to the provincial commander of the constabulary in Masbate instructing him to ascertain if there are likely to be other survivors, how many lifeboats and rafts were carried by the boat, and at what hour the boat sank. No answer had been received to this message at an early hour this morning.

Acting Governor General Gilmore ordered the following radio-gram broadcast.

"To all steamers in the vicinity of Romblon and Masbate: Be on the lookout for possible survivors of motorship Taculin which is reported to have sunk October fourth near Banton Island. Three survivors have reached Aroroy by raft."

GILMORE, "Acting Governor General." Fidel Reyes, director of commerce and industry, sent telegrams to San Jacinto, Masbate, and to Donsol, Sorsogon, to be delivered to the captain of the coast guard cutter Polillo on its arrival at either of the ports, instructing him to pick up the three survivors at Aroroy, to obtain all possible information concerning the disaster, and to make a thorough search for other possible survivors. "If you find any put them ashore at most convenient place and proceed on your itinerary," he said.

Little hope is held that other survivors will be found inasmuch as there was no other boat in the immediate vicinity of the Taculin when the disaster occurred. The collector of customs at Iloilo has informed the bureau of customs here, that there is no means of instituting a search for the missing.

The Taculin was an old boat constructed entirely of wood. It was privately owned by Esteban de la Rama of Iloilo and registered at that city. It was built in Hongkong in 1883 but had been in service in Philippine water for many years. It had a gross tonnage of 99.78 tons and a net tonnage of 51.16 tons. It was 33.33 meters long, 5.72 meters wide, and had a draft of 2.55 meters.

LABOUR TROUBLES IN CANTON.**MORE RIOTS EXPECTED.**

Further labour troubles are expected if the radicals continue in power at Canton, according to well-informed circles.

Formerly in the Chinese Seamen's Union, in Canton, there were seven Commissioners, alleged Moderates, controlling all the affairs of the Union; but after the general meeting of the seamen held at Canton on Friday the radicals have gained complete control of the Union and seventeen new Commissioners were elected by the radicals, backed up by the leaders of the "Ironsides."

Regarding the trouble between Fukienese and Cantonese working on the s.s. Haining it is learned that the Chinese Seamen's Union, in Canton is on the side of the Cantonese.

Further Labour Changes.

It is predicted that the riot which took place on Friday is but the beginning of a series of labour troubles in Canton. At least three other changes in the labour Unions will take place in Canton shortly, including a change in the management and officials of the Stone and Gold Labourers Union (Kam Shek Kung Wui), the Kwangtung Mechanic's General Union, and the Tung Tak Labourers Union. The radicals are expected to interfere and clashes and fights are expected to take place.

CHILDREN'S**CLOTHES!**

TO-DAY MUST BE JUST AS CHIC, JUST AS DAINTY AS MOTHERS'—MORE—

OVER THEY ARE EQUALLY AS IMPORTANT—

WE CONCENTRATE, AND SPECIALIZE IN THIS DEPARTMENT—AND

OUR EXPERIENCE EVIDENCES ITSELF IN THE SUPERB QUALITY OF THE GOODS WE OFFER—

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UNCONSCIOUSLY FEEL WHEN CHOOSING THEIR CHILDREN'S

CLOTHES FROM THIS DEPART-

MENT, IT IS THEIR GUARANTEE OF PERFECT SATISFACTION.

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Mr. Mori, the great Art collector of Japan, has arrived here to open an Exhibition of exquisite Art Pieces for—

8—EIGHT MORE DAYS ONLY—8

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Absolutely the last word for
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Your Boy is Growing up!

FIFTEEN years old, 114 pounds in weight, 5 feet 4 1/2 inches tall—a genuine, typical near-man. Keen in mind. Keen in appetite. Knows what he wants.

Your boy is growing up. Check it by his up-to-the-minute clothes, his ambitions, and opinions regarding questions of the day. It costs a little more for him to get around now because he's learning new buying habits. This means it costs Dad more, but Dad hasn't forgotten his own teen-age.

Your boy is growing up. Give him every chance by providing for his future. Teach him the value of thrift. Start him with a Manufacturers Life Endowment—a policy which in a few years will mature and place him in funds no matter what may happen to you.

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MANUFACTURERS LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY

HEAD OFFICE TORONTO, CANADA

ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,

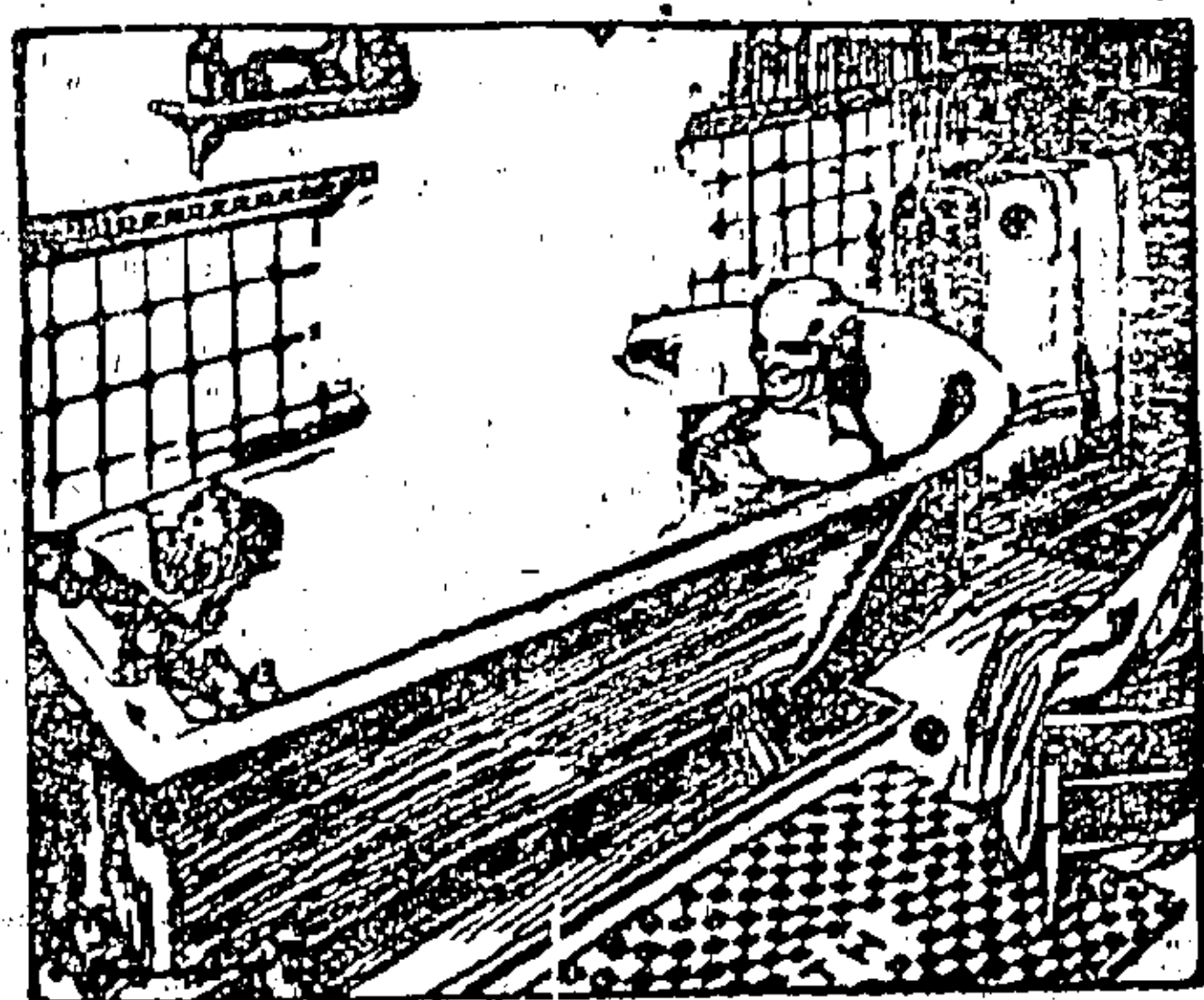
French Bank Building, HONGKONG.

Tel. C. 1500.

Without obligation kindly forward particulars of an Endowment policy for \$10,000 to mature in 10 years.

My son is _____ years of age.

(Name) _____ (Address) _____

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WELL-BEING

INSTALL A GAS WATER-HEATER
AND BE SURE OF
THAT REFRESHING BATH
JUST WHEN YOU WANT IT.

HONGKONG & CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

OUR FOOTBALL
COMPETITION.

PRIZE OF \$50 WEEKLY.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" offers a prize of \$50 to the readers who send in twelve correct forecasts of the results of the English and Scottish Football League matches (to be played on Saturday next, October 22nd) set out in the Coupon below. No goal scores are required; only forecasts showing wins or draws.

In the event of no reader forecasting all twelve matches, a prize of \$25 will be given to the reader who sends in the greatest number of correct forecasts; and in the event of two or more readers sending in an equal high number, the prize of \$25 will be divided.

The competition is in accordance with the rules published in the Telegraph during the weeks August 29—September 24.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"
FORECAST COMPETITION.

Matches to be played on October 22nd:—

DIVISION I.

Birmingham v Bury
Blackburn v Leicester
Bolton v Liverpool

DIVISION II.

Stoke v Barnsley
West Brom. v Swansen

DIVISION III. (SOUTH).

Exeter v Watford
Luton v Newport

DIVISION III. (NORTH).

Barrow v Bradford C.
Chesterfield v Darlington

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Aberdeen v Celtic
Airdrie v Bo'ness
Clyde v Hibernians

Name

Address

No. 8.

Date

Mark your envelopes "Football" on the front and write your name (without address) on the back of the envelope.

Strike out the teams which you think will lose, but make no marks in respect of matches which you think will be drawn.

All claims must reach this office not later than Wednesday following the date on which the matches are played. No prize will be awarded for which a claim has not been made.

Before sending in your coupons, copy the list of your forecasts. Compare this later with the published results of the matches and if you find that you have eight or more correct send in a claim for the prize.

INTERPORT CRICKET.

THE MALAYAN TEAM FOR
HONGKONG.

Cricket followers will be interested to hear, says last Tuesday's Straits Times, that the invitation to send a Malayan cricket team to Hongkong next month has been definitely accepted. Shanghai will send a team at the same time, and the usual triangular tournament will be arranged.

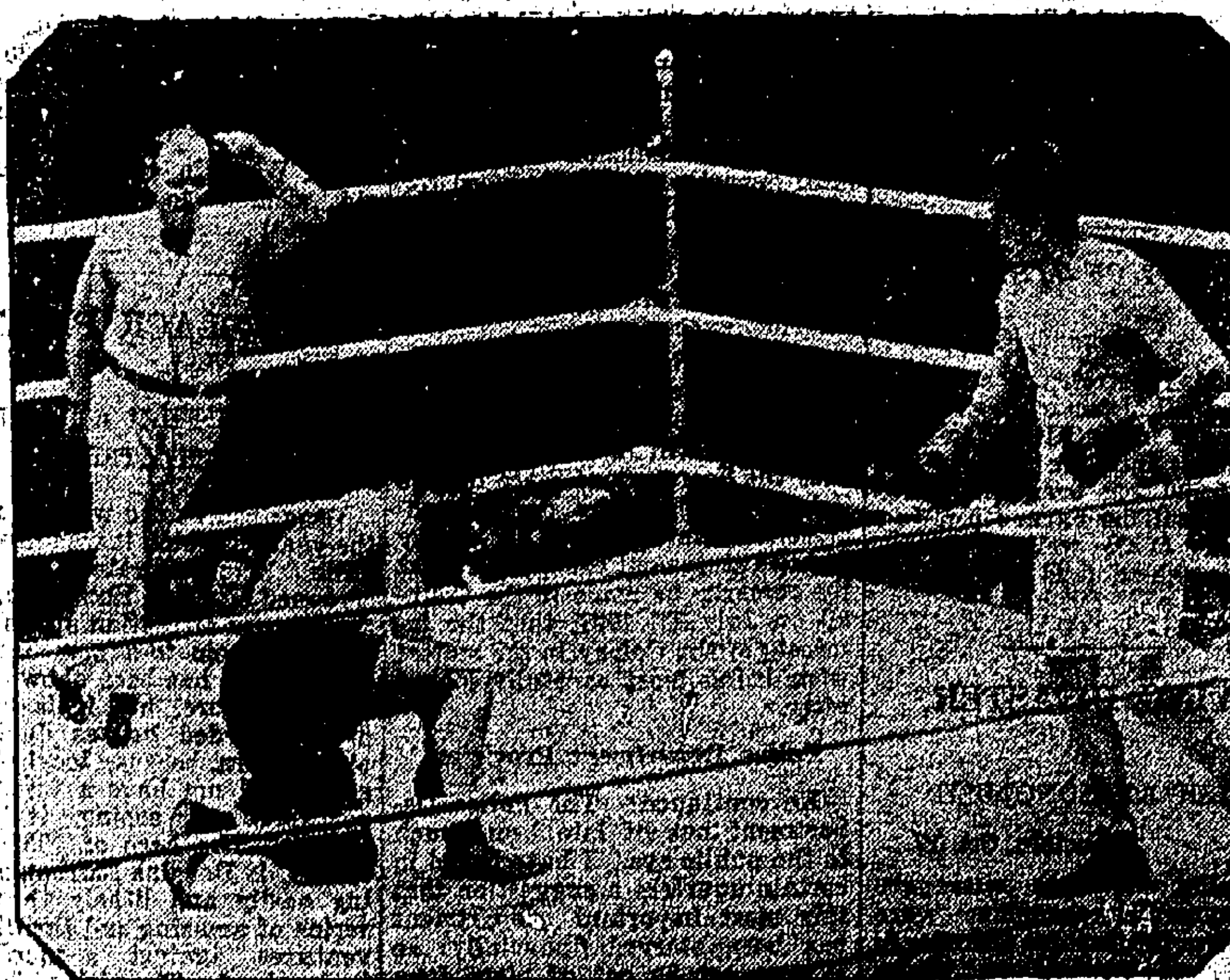
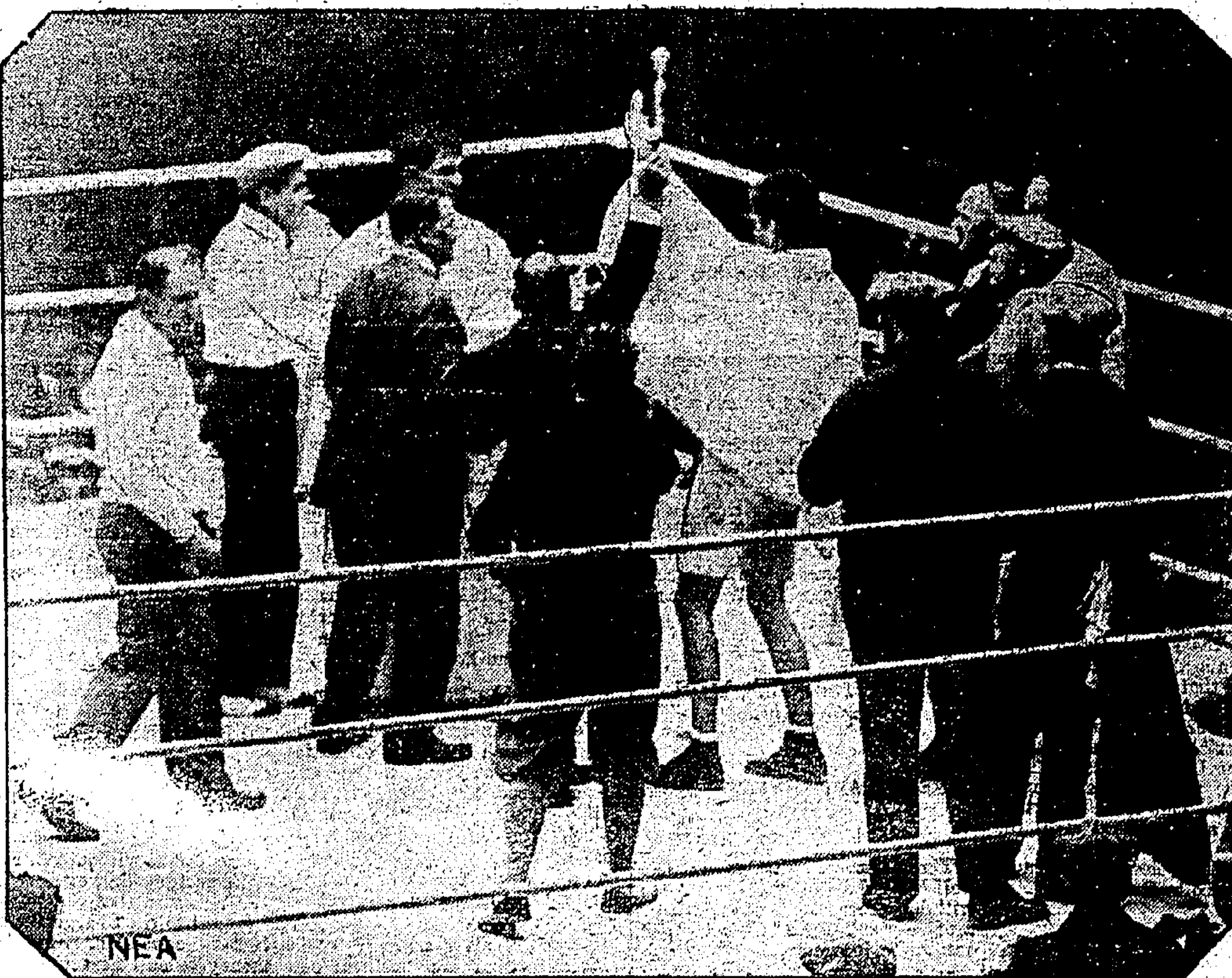
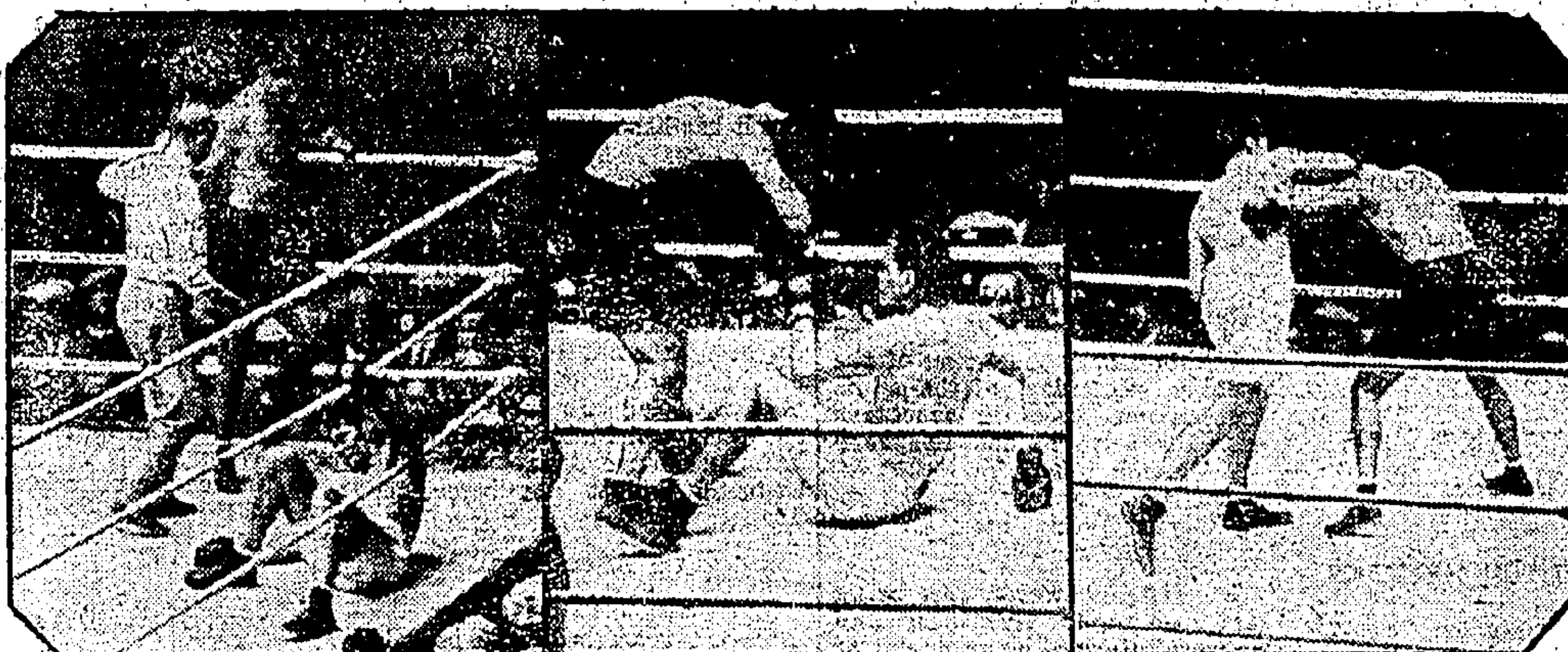
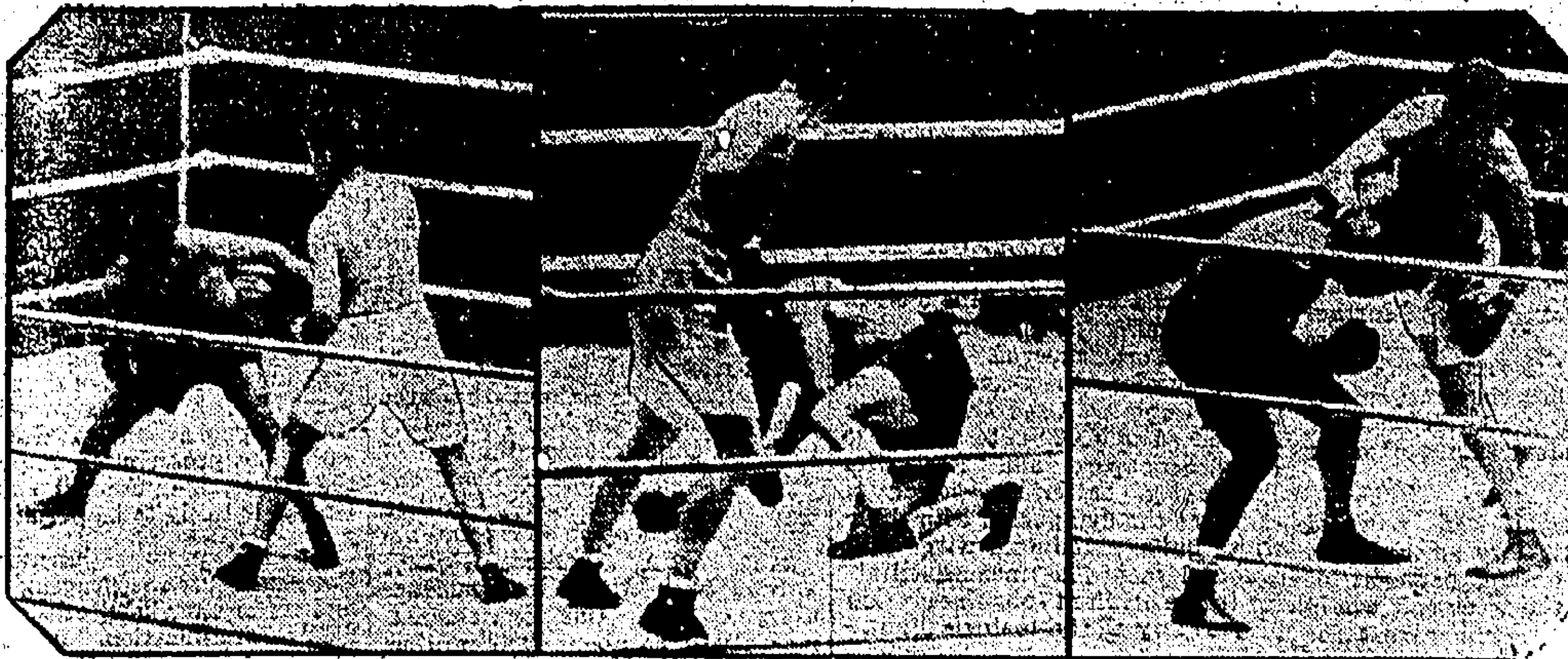
The Malayan team will leave on November 12 by the Patroclus. Acceptances have not yet been received, but it is hoped that a very good side will be able to make the journey under the captaincy of N. J. A. Foster, of Negri Sembilan.

The party will probably number 15, and may include the following:—

Capt. Congdon (Singapore), G. M. Brand (Selangor), P. H. Honnessy (Perak), R. L. L. Bradwell (Singapore), P. N. Knight (Penang), R. T. Foster (Negri Sembilan), N. H. P. Whitley (Singapore), Capt. Ford (Burma Rifles), A. J. Donaldson (Penang), A. P. Gordon (Perak) and H. G. Richards.

Hongkong, it will be remembered, sent a rather weak team to Malayan last year, and was badly beaten. With the advantage of playing at home and being able to draw on the best talent in the Colony, Hongkong should do better this year, but the proposed Malayan team is a very good one and the showing made against the Australians four months ago encourages the hope of success against Hongkong and Shanghai.

THE DEMPSEY-TUNNEY FIGHT.

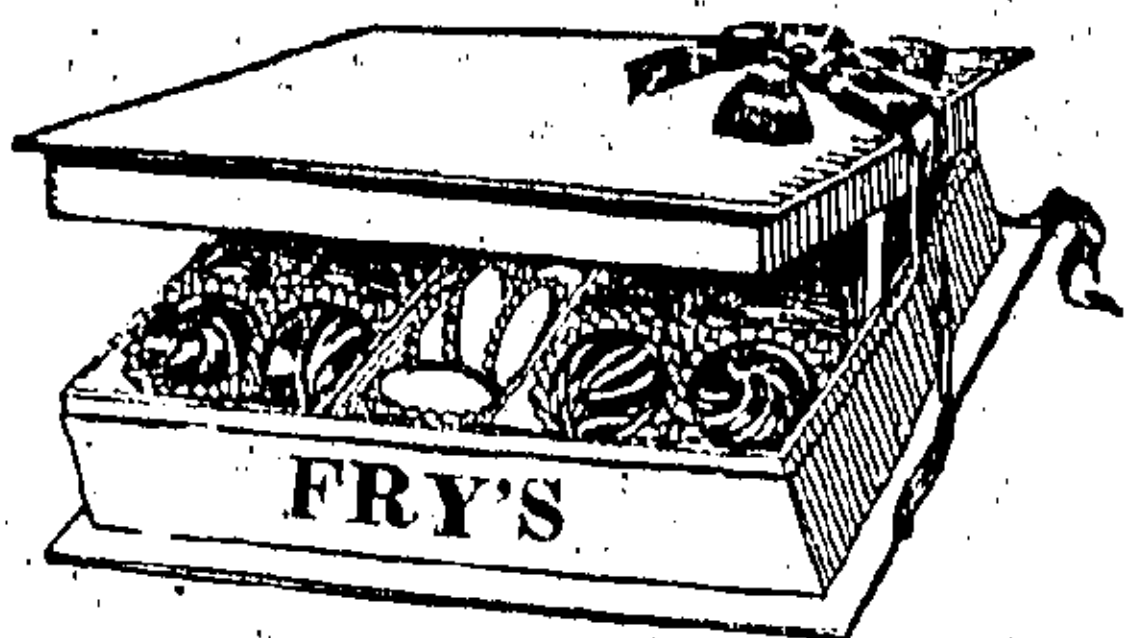


Above are seen special photographs taken at the Dempsey-Tunney fight on Sept. 22. Tunney, in white shorts, is seen on guard against a crouch by Dempsey in the opening stages; and afterwards sends Jack to his knees in the fourth round. In the next round Tunney is seen delivering a rabbit punch on the back of Dempsey's head. After that they mixed it well, but Gene relaxed his guard for a moment in the seventh round, and the fourth picture shows him sent to the boards, clinging to the ropes, and taking a count of nine. (This is the famous incident when it is claimed by Jack's supporters that the champion was down 13 seconds). We next have Tunney again floored, in the tenth round, and finally an immediate come-back, Dempsey getting as good as he gave.

In the big central photo the fight is over, and Tunney is being proclaimed the winner.

The picture on the left shows a moment in the eighth round, when it seemed that Dempsey had been knocked out, but he came up again to face a hurricane of blows.

FRY'S XMAS GIFT SCHEME



Last year Messrs. Fry's "Friends Abroad Department" successfully despatched hundreds of presentation Chocolate Boxes as a result of their Christmas Gift Scheme. Orders for Christmas 1927 will be accepted by Messrs. Fry's agents,

JOHN D. HUTCHISON & Co.,
King's Building.

Orders should be accompanied by a remittance in local currency, together with the full postal address of the recipient and the sender's card, for enclosure in the parcel.

Make your choice from the following list:

- EMPRESS**
(An embroidered-silk covered casket containing chocolates in two layers) ... 6 lbs. \$21.00
- VELVET CASKET**
(In leopard skin velvet) ... 3 lbs. \$10.50
- OVAL FANCY**
(Tied with purple silk ribbons and bows) ... 4 lbs. \$10.50
- SILVER MOONLIGHT**
(Illustrated with a beautiful Swiss scene) ... 5 lbs. \$10.00
- DANCER**
(A novel design with a silk dancing frock imposed on the illustration of a ballet dancer) ... 2 1/2 lbs. \$ 7.50
- NANETTE**
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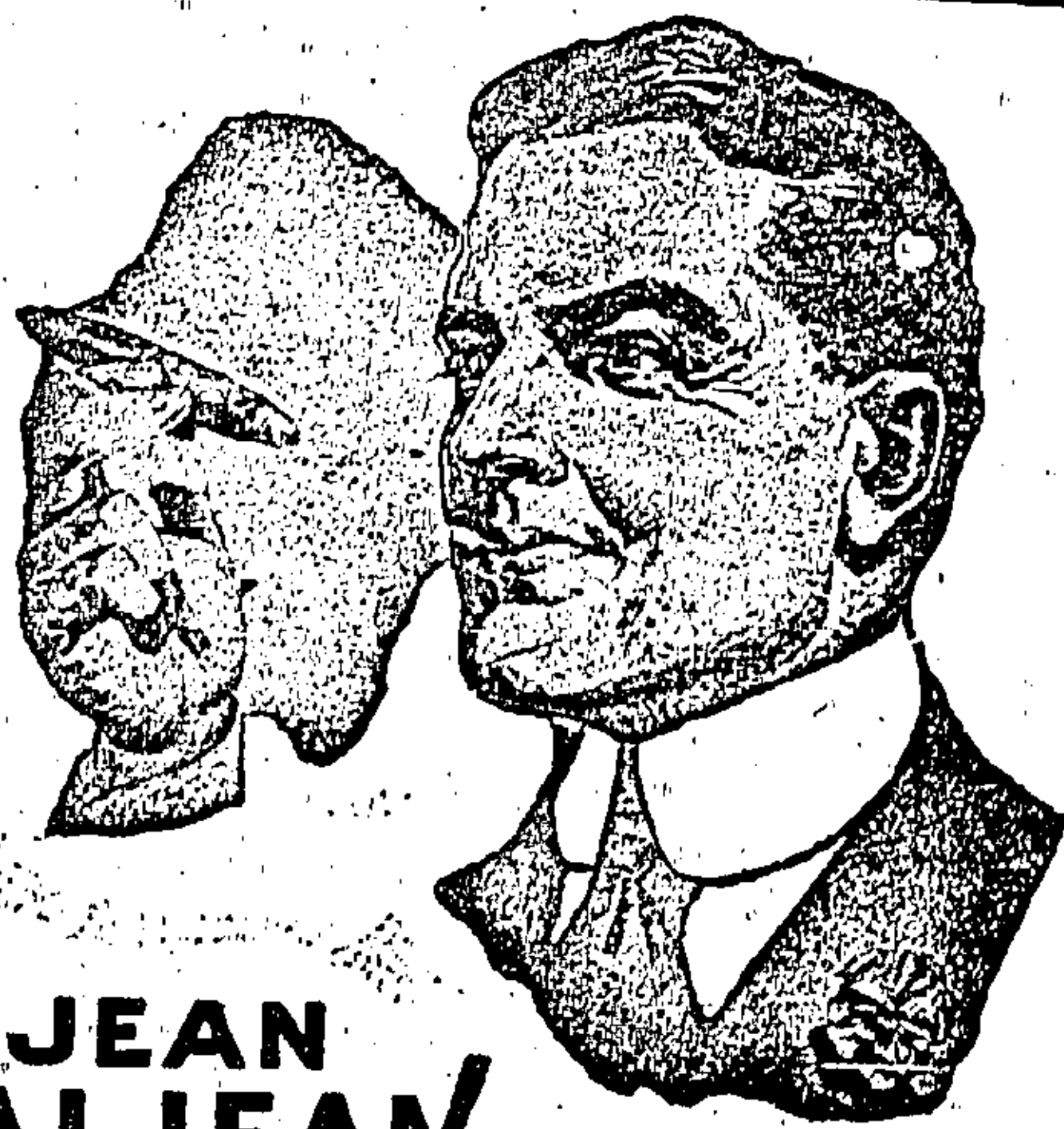
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Y.M.C.A. PRAISED.

G.O.C. SPEAKS AT THE
"BETTER OLE."

To mark the closing down of "The Better Ole," the popular Y.M.C.A. centre in Kowloon for the troops, a farewell concert was given there last night when the General Officer Commanding, Major General C. C. Luard, C. B., C. M. G., was among those present. There was a crowded attendance of Servicemen who thoroughly enjoyed an excellent concert provided by the band of the Cameromians, Mrs. H. Minney, Misses A. Steel, V. Capell, B. Walker and R. Wong, Tod and Dick, Engr. Lt. Comdr. A. S. Bedells, Mr. H. Glover, and Mr. R. Sutherland.

Mr. R. Sutherland who is Chairman of the Y.M.C.A. Entertainment Committee made a presentation of a silver model of a Chinese junk to Mr. Horace E. Dowell, L.R.A.M., the bandmaster of the Cameromians, and said that in the early days of the organisation they were very often up against it in the way of entertainments. Mr. Harmon often went into his office and said they were in need of a programme, but that he would go and see Mr. Dowell, and he would pull them through. Mr. Dowell had never refused and the band had always stepped into the breach.

Mr. Sutherland said that the inscription on the souvenir read: "Presented to the band of the 1st Cameromians by the Naval and Military Y.M.C.A., Hongkong, October, 1927."

Mr. Sutherland made the presentation amid loud applause, and also presented each member of the band with a silver miniature of the souvenir.

Nine Months Ago.

Briefly replying, Mr. Dowell returned thanks on behalf of the band and said they would always appreciate them as reminders of a very happy stay in Hongkong.

Major H. C. Hyde Smith, D.S.O. (Commanding the 1st Cameromians) thanked the Entertainment Committee for their work on behalf of the troops.

Major-General Luard, said it was nearly nine months ago since they first heard of the influx of troops likely to come into Hongkong. At that time Mr. Hunt went to see him, and they put their heads together to see how they could arrange something in the way of centres like those that had been established.

He had a good many things to think about at that time and was only too glad to leave the work to Mr. Hunt, who he thought he was right in saying, had practically organised the whole show. (Applause). Mr. Hunt went away, and the next thing he heard was that two buildings, one in Hongkong and one in Kowloon, had been secured for use as centres. Mr. Hunt also arranged for subscriptions to be raised, and as usual the people of the Colony paid up in a most generous way and subscribed all the money that was necessary.

Ladies' Good Work.

He thanked the ladies who had superintended and been responsible for the issue of refreshments to the troops. They had worked all through the heat and rain of the summer, to say nothing of a typhoon or two, and nothing had prevented them from carrying on with their duties at the Y. M. C. A. centres. He thought they were deserving of the very warmest thanks. (Applause).

In addition he desired to thank all those who had come forward to entertain the troops, together with Mr. Sutherland and his Committee and all those who had assisted them. The entertainments had been going on steadily, concerts had been given every week, and something to amuse the troops had been arranged almost every day. He thought this was wonderful. (Applause).

Reduction of Garrison.

The time had now come, however, when owing to the reduction of the garrison there was no longer the necessity for this centre in Kowloon. There would be no reduction in the work of the Y. M. C. A. for troops as it would be carried on at Salisbury Road.

Again expressing thanks to all those who had helped, General Luard called for three cheers for the benefactors of the troops.

Mr. J. H. Hunt, secretary of the European Y. M. C. A., thanked the General for his presence there and also for his continued interest in Y. M. C. A. work and said that in his 17 years' experience of Y. M. C. A. work with the troops, he had never seen more appreciative men than those in Hongkong.

In connexion with the work locally, the Y. M. C. A., hoped in time to establish a more or less permanent centre for the increased garrison. He concluded by paying warm tribute to the work of Mr. R. Sutherland and Mr. T. V. Harmon, secretary in connexion with the work of the Entertainment Committee.

BRITISH POLICY.

SIR FREDERICK WHYTE IN
SHANGHAI.

There was a large and representative gathering of foreign and Chinese members of the community at the Shanghai Union Club when Sir Frederick Whyte, who spoke on "India and China—Some Political Contrasts." Sir Frederick Whyte was for several years President of the Indian National Assembly and a month ago spoke at the Union Club on "The Trend of Political Developments in India." Having sojourned in China for six or seven weeks, in which time he has visited various parts of the country, including Peking, Sir Frederick held the attention of his audience while he spoke for more than half an hour on the relative aspects of the India and China situations, more especially from the point of view of British policy therein.

At the conclusion of his speech he exhorted his hearers, both the British merchants and Chinese, to have faith in that policy which was "a settled policy, so deeply rooted in the British mind that nothing can uproot it or the convictions of those who formulated it and are pursuing it." Great Britain's policy towards China was one of sympathetic understanding. It was a national, not an imperialistic policy, and one which had for its aim the promotion and continuance of friendly relations.

Warships Justified.

The speaker said that Britain may have warships in the harbour with the Shanghai Defence Force at hand, and this may appear to be a continuance of the gunboat policy of old save that the guns of the former carried farther than before. But it was not, "although," said Sir Frederick, "I found certain conditions in my travels of the past few weeks, conditions which necessitated and justified their presence, of which I did not know before I came to China."

However, the speaker pointed out, these admirals and generals in charge of the naval and military forces out here were under the direct control of a civilian government. One of the duties of that government, it was true, was to protect British interests out here; but the speaker was convinced that "the underlying principles of the policy as laid down last December on the China question represented the settled convictions of nine out of every ten of my countrymen to-day."

Word of Advice.

In "a word to my British friends," Sir Frederick said that the latter "may avoid a good deal of unnecessary controversy on British policy out here if, in making suggestions to the home governments through societies, consultants or by any other means you make it perfectly clear in doing so that a new China is in process of creation; that you sympathise with it even if for the moment you are being victimized by that creation. Your advice will then be ten-fold in its effectiveness."

Apart from this, Sir Frederick refrained from offering any advice to his fellow nationals in China or to the Chinese themselves. "But it seems essential," he said, "that we all understand that the next step in the solution of this problem lies not so much in the region of foreign and Chinese relationship as in the internal condition of China herself."

Treaties and Revision.

The speaker dealt briefly with the question of the treaties and their revision. "Treaty revision in itself would not solve China's problem to-day," said Sir Frederick, friends seem to believe that abrogation of the so-called unequal treaties is the principal step towards the success of the nationalist movement. It is not within my province, however, to attempt to decide this.

Sir Frederick admitted at the conclusion of his address that he had gone farther than he had intended. In the beginning he promised simply to present in brief compass the salient features of the India situation and leave it to others to draw their own conclusions upon the China question. "But if I am to judge by certain manifestations in the press," said Sir Frederick, "there are certain people in this world who think that the present can be dissociated from the past."

In India we are face to face with the rapid growth of a powerful movement of national opinion finding expression in different forms and in different ways but all derived from the same source, the same as any other national movement, including the Chinese."

Mistaken Idea.

"Nearly all my international friends regard Britain's control of India as the chief obstacle to the achievement of their objects. This is a profound mistake," said the speaker. "The real foundation of India's troubles to-day lies in the people themselves, not in the government. India can learn much from the China situation, China

can learn much from the India situation and England can learn much from both.

"One point has been brought home to me very clearly during the past six or seven weeks. I find out here that it is not easy to persuade people, even my Chinese friends, themselves friendly disposed towards the British people, that the British Government is really acting in good faith and is sympathetic towards China's national aspirations."

"Imperialism."

The speaker brought up the question of treaty revision and the apparent reluctance of the great Powers to deal with this matter at the present time. "I believe that treaty revision is inevitable, essential and right," he said, "but the time for it has not yet come. I say this with sympathy and in all sincerity."

One of the prejudices held by the Chinese people against Great Britain was the latter's so-called "imperialism." In an effort to define clearly the meaning of "imperialism," Sir Frederick dwelt for a few minutes upon British history in 1900 and to-day.

The changes in Britain's imperial policy could not be better exemplified, he said, than by the policies of the Joseph Chamberlain Government in 1900 and the Austen Chamberlain Government of the present day. The speaker said that he was an ardent supporter of the latter's foreign policy, but not of his domestic policy.

"If Joseph Chamberlain had been told in 1900 that his son was to become responsible for the creation of a policy such as the Locarno Pact," said Sir Frederick, "he would not have believed it."

That is an example of how one generation very often has to interpret ideas laid down in the previous generation in a totally different way, and this adoption by a Conservative Party in 1927 of a policy which in 1900 was regarded as the special privilege of the Liberal Party is an example. If our Chinese friends would only believe that Britain's policy really is liberal in the real sense of the term, then our relations would improve decidedly."

I want to add this final word, I believe that the convictions I hold about the future of national movements all over the world are convictions so deeply rooted in the British mind that nothing can uproot them and to my Chinese friends I would appeal to them to recognize that Britain's policy is a national one, full of sympathy, aiming at better relationship between the two countries and the countries of the world."

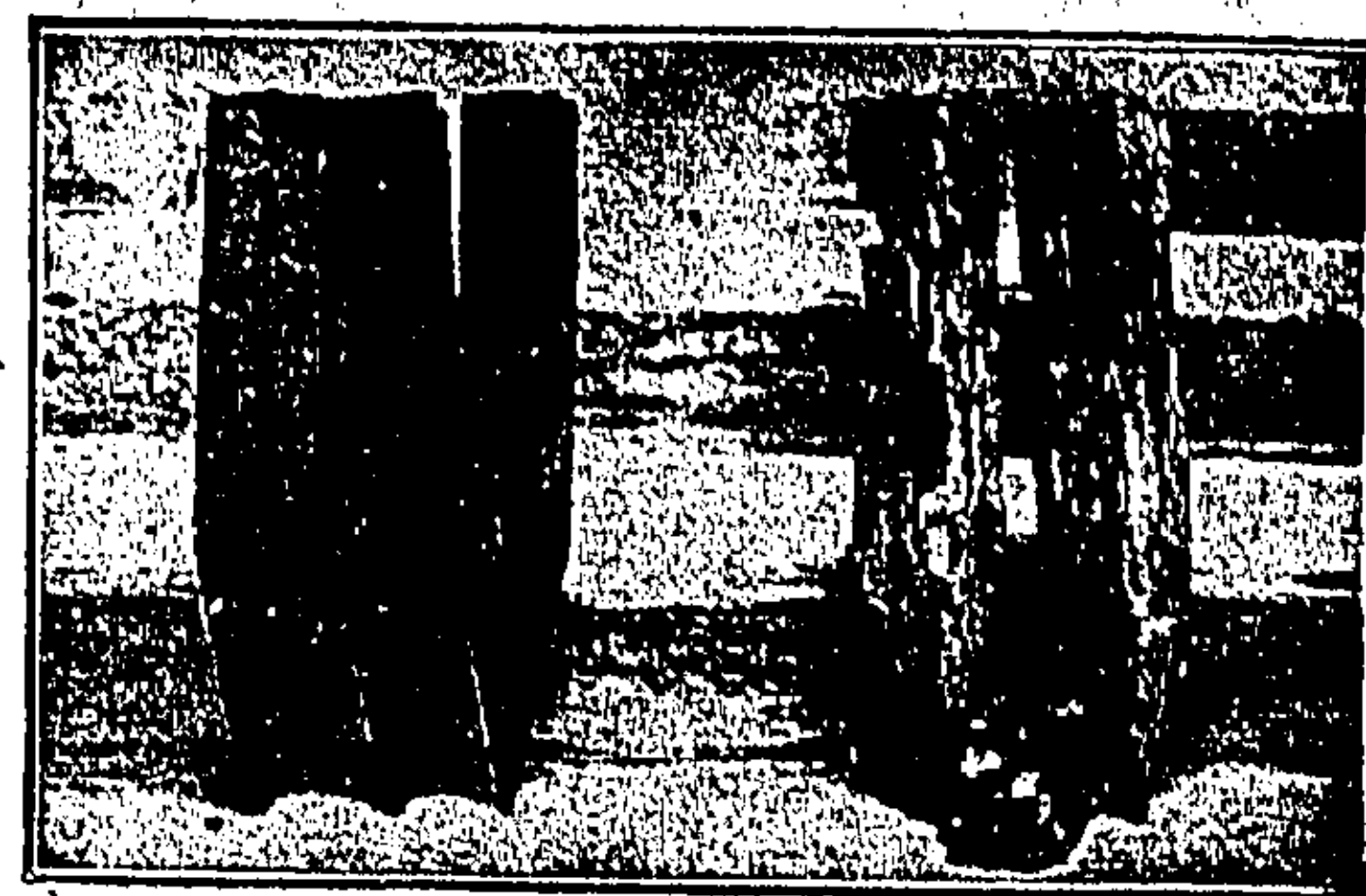
Prince George flew from London to Paris last month as a passenger in an Imperial Airways Silver Wing-de-Luxe air liner. The machine left Croydon at 4.30 p.m. and arrived at Le Bourget, Paris, at 7.33 p.m. This is the second time Prince George has flown across the Channel.



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E34438	Nam Hing	Sept., 1924	Ends White — 120 Pkgs Co
E34024	Yuen Hong	Nov., 1924	Ex-O75 — 226 Bales W
	do.		Shorts
E34028	do.		H L Co. — 22 Bales Pa
E30787	Eastern	June, 1923	W — 345 Sks, Guar
E39789	Agricultural		Fertilizer Co. — 107 Brls. Gu
E12672	Yick Tai & Co.	Nov., 1922	W — 250 Cases Bac
E16460	Oriental		BTB — 50 Cases
	Overseas Co.	July, 1924	— 8 Cases
E16473	do.	Aug., 1924	— 9 Cases
	do.		— 55 Bales
E51944	Hooshing		G — 228 Pkgs Old
E34192	Merchandise	June, 1924	n/m — 8,300 Casks
	Colonial		— 8,300 Casks
Var. Lots	Grading Co.	Var. dates	CTC — 8,300 Casks

F. H. CRAPNELL,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 5th October, 1927.

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NEW SERIAL STORY

THE MERAFIELD MYSTERY.

By R. A. J. WALLING.
(Author of "The Third Degree," "Fatal Glove," etc.)

CHAPTER I.

Sir Charles Merafield, of an old Devonshire family, is overheard in heated argument with his wife by a local solicitor, Mr. Franks, while he is on his way home, and passing the Merafield residence. The incident recurs to his mind later, when a murder occurs. The story is narrated in the solicitor's words.

I had known Sir Charles Merafield from his boyhood. As clerk to the Justices I had initiated him into the tiny mysteries and rituals of the bench. But I had never been on terms of real familiarity with him. Physically we were near neighbours, but our worlds lay far apart. His legal business was not even in the hands of my firm—Franks, Wilson and Franks, of Westport, and so I rarely met him except in court.

Nevertheless, we were amicable, and when he brought Lady Merafield down to Devon my wife, as her nearest neighbour, paid a call at Merafield Tower to welcome her to the West Country.

Mrs. Franks is the woman, of all in the world, for whose judgment I have the greatest respect, especially judgment of other women. Therefore, when she came back and said, "I like that woman," she induced in me a bias towards liking for Lady Merafield. When she said, "But, Arthur, that woman is profoundly unhappy," I was half-way towards pity for Lady Merafield. When she said, "But then, the woman who was married to Sir Charles Merafield might reasonably expect to be unhappy," I said I could not tell how a woman would feel about it, but she was probably right. I did ask her why she disliked Sir Charles. She replied that he was "not a nice man."

Unquestionably there was some aura about Sir Charles Merafield, invisible to a man, which repelled women of a certain type. I knew my wife was of that type. But if Lady Merafield belonged to it also, why had she married him?

I put this question to myself when I met her.

I judged the mistress of Merafield to be about thirty. She was moderately tall, well-built in a slight wiry fashion, a brunette of good complexion, with very dark and serious eyes, level brows, a wide, low forehead, and a crown of dark brown hair whose richness even the shingle had not succeeded in hiding. She talked vivaciously. She was extremely intelligent and perceptive. Looking for the unhappiness my wife had divined, I found nothing that I could conscientiously regard as evidence. What the serious eyes said was not evidence—to my mind, what they said was too vague.

She seemed interested in the law. She asked me many questions about the status of solicitors and barristers.

I could not quite understand why a woman of such ample general information was unaware of these elementary things. Then I discovered myself speculating whether she really was unaware. I came to the conclusion that she was not. Some ulterior purpose, if I may employ this stiffness of expression, lay behind her questions. If so, we talked at cross purposes. I was far too dense to detect her motive, whatever it was.

If I could have foreseen the events of the 19th August, I should have pushed the subject much further.

As it was, however, I came away from my first meeting with Lady Merafield bearing the impression in my mind of a lovely and highly cultured woman, with nerves of steel and a will of iron. These hackneyed figures come running off my imitative pen, but I cannot better them. Iron and steel in intellect and character she seemed to me.

I hurry back to the conversation I overheard at the four-cross way. When I reached home other things put it out of my mind. But next morning, in my office at Westport, I opened the letter from Overbury. That brought it back in a flash.

John Wilson Overbury's title of "Major" and his alphabetical appendices occupy two whole lines in "Who's Who," chiefly on account of the war. There can hardly be an initial in the armoury of the British War Office, the French Ministry of War, and the War Departments of several Balkan States that was not flung at Overbury in the four years of his military wanderings in Europe. In the military directories he looked like a veteran whose career must have begun in the Crimea.

But he was only thirty-five, and not even a professional soldier. The "Major" was an honorary title with which the War Office had presented him when he vanished from their eyes at the end of the war. In his soldier's life he had passed from the rank of a Kitchenier private to that of a Brigadier-General. But War was not his real affair. That was Law. He had begun reading law when he came down from Oxford, and had put together the beginnings of a practice before Kitchenier hauled him out of the Temple and put him on Hounslow Heath.

In the seven years since his country needed him no longer he had been trying to persuade solicitors that their clients needed him.

Overbury had been brought to my notice by Curteis, K.C., whom we briefed largely. Curteis, in whose chambers he had read, thought a good deal of Overbury, and asked me to do what I could for him. I gave him a small brief when I had the chance, and he had taken rather a liking to me—said he found me "fatherly."

He would have made a highly anxious living out of the law but, fortunately for him, he had an income big enough to maintain a bachelor.

Overbury's letter, then, brought back in a flash of curiosity the scene between Lady Merafield and her husband. He wrote, not from his chambers, but from the Fifty-two Club, where he lived.

"Dear Papa Franks," he wrote, "I want to warn you that I may be blowing in on you any day—not on business, but just for the sake of seeing your cheery old face. I believe you have somewhere in your neighbourhood a fellow called Merafield. He's asked me down to stay with him for a bit of golf and a bit of sea fishing, and I've accepted. I expect to be there on the seventeenth."

It was the seventeenth now.

"I don't quite know why I have accepted, unless it is that I am at a loose end for a week or two. To tell you the candid truth, I am unable to imagine why Merafield wants me. I hardly know the fellow. He is only a club acquaintance. He comes to this tavernance in London. Somebody introduced us, and we talked of golf and fishing. At any rate, rather unintelligent. I thought I am not very sympathetic to his type. He struck me as being terribly country-squireish, a bit overbearing and dictatorial—not much reticence, not delicate."

"Not indelicate in speech, mind you; but just not delicate. Probably you know him quite well, and I'm all wrong."

"However, I said to myself 'Who is Overbury to be sitting in judgment on his fellow men? A bad habit—due, no doubt, to the practice of getting up briefs. I believe the fellow did very well in the war."

"I know only two men who are at all well acquainted with him. One is old Newland. He doesn't like him. Says he's not nice. The other is Greene, who can't speak of him without going off the deep end. If I'd spoken about it to Newland before I might have refused, but my acceptance was already in the post."

"You see that I can't quite say how long I am likely to be there before some imperative engagement calls me away. But I'll be sure to make a chance of turning you up.—Ever, John Wilson Overbury."

It was a strange letter; or so it seemed. Perhaps it would have had no sinister look if I had not overheard what Lady Merafield said to her husband. Overbury did not mention her name, did not even show that he was aware of her existence. But I could not shake off the impression that he was the guest whose presence at Merafield Tower she resented. It might be a coincidence, of course.

Then I suddenly remembered the conversation I had with Lady Merafield some months before, and the questions she had asked me about barristers. That seemed to leave no doubt. Overbury was going to visit a man for whom he had no particular liking, whose wife was moved to extreme distaste of the visit. I went about all day with Sir Charles Merafield's words ringing in my ears: "If you're a good woman it will make no difference to you. If you're not, well, I'd better know." When one came to think about it, this was a curious thing for a man to say to the wife he had married less than a year ago. And, if all accounts were true, Merafield had no prescriptive right

to throw stones in glass houses. Newland said he was "not nice." That was what my wife said. It was all a little queer.

It came out afterwards that Overbury had already arrived at Merafield Tower when I read his letter. He had travelled in a sleeper on the midnight train from Paddington. One of the Merafield cars met him at Westport, and he reached the house about half-past eight in the morning.

They day was glorious—one of those pretty, bright blue days that occasionally relieve the heat and mist of August. A twenty-mile breeze blew from the south-west, bringing up little flotillas of white clouds sailing very high, and there was a blue lop on the water. I had noted this as I crossed the ferry, and thought it was just the day to go out after pollack.

The same thought occurred at Merafield. Sir Charles had luncheon packed up and took Overbury out for a day's fishing. He said they might not get another such day in August, which was true. Old Peter Thompson, the longshoreman who was usually number two in the lugger's crew with Merafield, happened to be ill, and as Overbury knew something of boat-sailing, they went alone. They returned at seven o'clock, reporting an upset and a wetting.

Overbury consequently did not see Lady Merafield that day till they met at dinner.

I knew nothing of this at the time. When I returned to Rosebank in the evening I mentioned to my wife the letter from Overbury, but, of course, said nothing of what I had heard in the wood the day before during my Sunday ramble. She merely remarked that Mr. Newland, whoever he was, must be a good judge of character, since his opinion of Sir Charles Merafield tallied exactly with hers.

"You have never heard of Newland?" said I. "Oh, but you must have. It is Professor Stanley Newland, the famous chemist. Overbury has spoken to me about him as a friend—the man who knows more of warlike gases than anybody else in the world."

On that, she remembered seeing his name. She thought a clever man might be better employed than in inventing such diabolical stuff. So we passed on to other things.

Overbury did not call next day—that was the eighteenth. As a matter of fact, he played golf with Merafield at Longstone. Nor the day after. On that day, the nineteenth, Overbury went to flog the water from Merafield's western limit up to the bridge, and Merafield himself stayed home. He was not well.

Personally, I heard nothing whatever about either of them till the morning of the twentieth, which was a Thursday. I put down the skeleton of their movements so as to connect up the facts.

On the Thursday morning at four o'clock, though the summer time regulations postponed daylight by an hour, dawn was in the sky. I generally wake at dawn and turn over for three hours' more good sleep. On that morning I did not go to sleep again.

I had gone to my window to look at the weather, which was dull and quiet, and had thrown the window wide open to admit more air. Then I heard a motor-car on the road.

As I have explained, the road past my solitary house carries little traffic. A car at night was a most unusual phenomenon. Whatever car this was, its headlights had been kept on—I saw the glare on the trees at the bottom of my little drive. When, instead of passing on towards Westport Passage, the car drew up at my gate, I began to get some clothes on. It is one of my middle-aged habits to lock the gate every night before closing up the house. Nobody could get in without climbing it.

You must imagine that I was surprised, but not alarmed, by this apparition. I thought it might mean some police business that could not await my morning arrival at the office. I did not want the house roused. I listened at my wife's door. Apparently she had not been disturbed. Our two maids slept at the back of the house, and if I knew anything of them they would certainly not be disturbed by anything short of an earthquake or a bombardment.

In my dressing-gown, then, I went down the drive to discover a man in the act of getting over the gate. It was, indeed, a solidly built double door, six feet high, and the man sat precariously astride of it as I approached. "I beg your pardon, sir," said he, "but I did not know how else to get at you."

"Yes?" said I. "Something important to bring you round at this time of night?"

He landed on his feet in the drive. I did not know the man. He looked like an upper servant, and was, in fact, the butler at Merafield Tower.

"Yes, sir," said he, "very important. Lady Merafield asked me to see you at any cost, and to beg you to come back in the car. At four in the morning?" I exclaimed.

CHANNEL SWIM HOAX SEQUEL.

MISS GLEITZE TO DO IT AGAIN.

London, Oct. 17.

As a sequel to Dr. (Miss) Loran's Channel swim hoax and subsequent confession Miss Mercedes Gleitze, who swam the Channel on October 8, announces her intention of again attempting the Channel swim, from Cape Grisnez, on Wednesday night, accompanied by Swimming Association officials and pressmen, as a personal vindication of women swimmers.

Miss Gleitze has been advised that the season is too cold now, but declares that she will not fail. Asked how she knew that she swam the Channel on October 8, seeing that she was semi-conscious in the last hour, Miss Gleitze said it was a case of sub-conscious or instinctive knowledge in that last hour.—*Reuter*.

A London message of October 8 states: The success in swimming the Channel achieved by Miss Mercedes Gleitze, a London girl typist, was very remarkable owing to the lateness of the season and it being carried out in a dense fog. The water was calm, but the temperature was 60 degrees.

Miss Gleitze staggered ashore semi-conscious.

Interviewed, she said after two hours swimming she felt bitterly cold. She did not tell those in the accompanying boat for fear they would advise her to give up. She endured great pain for the last three hours.

The fog rendered the land invisible. Just before her feet touched the shore she asked the pilot if by swimming another three hours she could do it, after which she was most surprised to feel the beach beneath her.

FOOTBALL.

D.B.S. v. 56TH. COY R.E.

Yesterday, the R.E.'s defeated the Diocesan Boys' School by two goals to one, on the R.E. ground at Argyle Street, Mongkok.

On the R.E.'s side the backs were too good for the School, whose outstanding players were Shu Sung Pok (goalkeeper) and Reed (full back).

U. S. NAVY MEN VISIT TONKIN.

HAVE A GOOD TIME.

Hanoi, Oct. 7.

A delegation of officers and men of the American Destroyer Squadron, which is now at Haiphong, arrived here by train at 10 o'clock this morning.

The party, which comprises 17 officers and 30 non-commissioned officers and men, under the command of Commander Apkins, the commander of the squadron, was welcomed at the railway station by the local authorities.

The naval visitors will tour Hanoi and its environs during the day, and a number of receptions are being organized in their honour.—*Indo-pacific*.

Hanoi, Oct. 10.

The American Destroyer Squadron which has been visiting Indo-China departed from Haiphong yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Four destroyers will return to Shanghai, and the fifth will go to Manila.

The officers and men have expressed their pleasure at the welcome given to them during their visit to Tonkin.—*Indo-pacific*.

JAPAN ENTERS AIR LISTS.

PRIZE FOR TRANS-PACIFIC FLIGHT.

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

A 100,000 yen prize is offered by Mr. Kumejiro Taki, a deputy for the province of Huogo, and by the most influential business men of Kobe, to the first Japanese aviator who succeeds in making the Trans-Pacific flight.—*Indo-pacific*.

Japan to Europe.

Tokyo, Oct. 8.

The proprietors of curio stores at Osaka have decided to set aside 100,000 yen to finance the flight to be attempted by the Japanese aviator Seize Owkura next year, to Europe via Mongolia.—*Indo-pacific*.

"Yes, I know, sir. But it's very important. Sir Charles, sir."

"Well—Sir Charles—?"

"I must say it, sir, for there's no time to lose—Lady Merafield has been killed—murder, we think! Lady Merafield found him in his study an hour ago, shot through the head!"

(To be Continued.)

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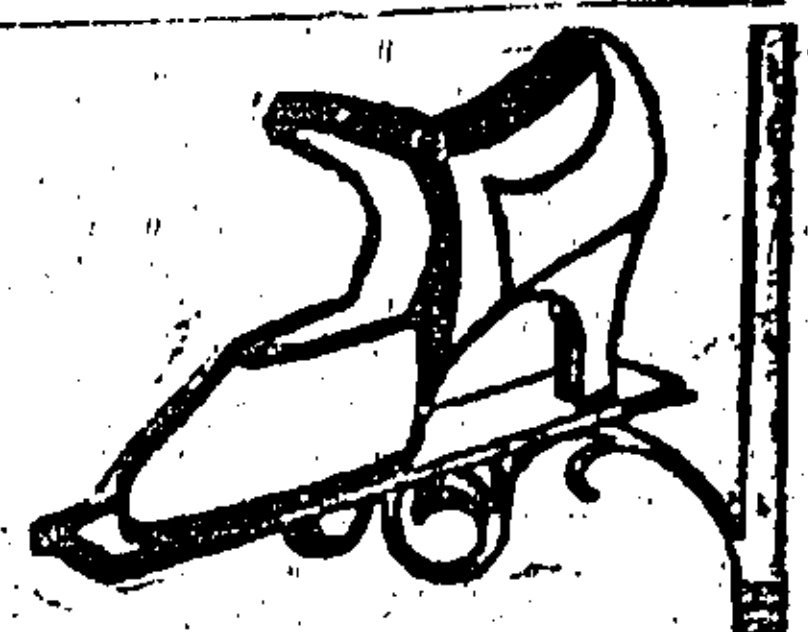
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Pres. McKinley ... Oct. 25th, 6 p.m.	Pres. Lincoln ... Nov. 8th, 6 p.m.
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TO CANTON	Namsang	Thurs. 27th Oct at 7 a.m.
	Hopsang	Tues. 13th Oct at 9 a.m.
	Chaksang	Satur. 24th Oct at 2 a.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Hopsang	Wed. 19th Oct at 3 p.m.
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MEDICAL MISSIONS.

CRUDE CHINESE METHODS OF TREATMENT.

At a meeting of members of the Hongkong Church Missionary Society at the Helena May Institute yesterday addresses on mission work, especially with regard to medical missions, were given by Dr. J. H. Montgomery and Mrs. Blanchett, of Canton.

A social gathering was held at four o'clock, after which tea was served and the meeting followed, at which the Rev. H. Copley Moyle presided, and introduced the speakers.

Dr. Montgomery referred to statements that missionaries were not needed in non-Christian countries and that the natives were best left alone. To-day that same idea was prevalent in certain places, especially in China.

Those people seemed to forget that the present condition of China was not entirely, or at least very little, due to the missionaries. It was part of the revolution of a great empire, and looked at in the light of comparative history with revolutions in other countries, it was not worse than in France and other countries. He believed that militarism and the love of money were greatly the cause of the present conditions in China.

He held that such a view was untenable to-day. The need for missionaries in non-Christian countries was as great, if not greater, than it ever was before.

With regard to medical missions he believed that they could claim four reasons to justify them. The first was that they brought relief of suffering and disease to the people among whom they worked. The second was that they removed the fear of evil spirits, showing that disease is from a natural cause, and not supernatural. Thirdly, they had done more, perhaps, than any other form of missionary enterprise in breaking down prejudices, superstitions and even customs. Fourthly, they could justly claim that they had brought many to the kingdom of God.

Suffering through ignorance. Speaking with regard to disease and medicine in China, he said that the suffering through ignorance was appalling. They had never studied anatomy or physiology so how could they know the causes of disease and how to treat them? Native treatment was given which had no relation whatsoever to the cause of the disease.

Giving examples, Dr. Montgomery cited an instance where burning sand was applied to a child's body, which was so hot that it burnt through the flesh to the third and fourth degree. How a little girl, suffering from fever, was held down while two little fires were lighted on her chest, and how holes were made through the ankles, feet, both lips, and the upper jaw to let fever come out. How wives prepared parts of their own flesh in a certain manner to administer to sick husbands, with ill-effects for the wife and no benefit for the husbands.

He also told of a man who had a cancerous growth of the knee, causing a swelling, and he and his

parents were advised that the only thing to be done was to amputate the leg. This they refused to do and went to a native doctor for treatment. He with his assistants laid the man on a stone slab, and raising a large rock above his head crashed it down on to the knee, smashing it. As a result the man died.

Those illustrations, which were a few of thousands that were reported from all over the world, would show them the field for work by medical missions.

He urged that no cruelty was meant. He had cited the examples to show them the amount of suffering which was due to sheer ignorance.

Treatment of Lepers.

Dealing with the mentally defective and lepers, Dr. Montgomery continued with regard to the latter, that some races thought it was due to evil spirits, and sufferers were made to stand while red hot irons were put down their throats.

He referred to a village of lepers which was surrounded, a trench being dug round the village. On the completion of this the lepers were driven into the ditch and shot, their bodies afterwards being set on fire.

He was glad to have met in Hongkong a group of young men who had banded themselves together for the purpose of doing what they could for the lepers in China and elsewhere.

Dealing with the future, Dr. Montgomery spoke of the early history of the movement, referring to the training of medical students and the establishment of training schools in China, saying that he believed the time would come when the Chinese and other nationalities must provide members of their own medical profession to meet the needs of their own countries, and they wanted to make sure that when the time came for handing over, the natives would be fit to carry on.

He appealed for sympathy and support for the splendid work that was being done.

Work in Canton.

Mrs. Blanchett gave a detailed account of the work being done in Canton, and thanked Hongkong people for the sympathy and help that had been extended to the Canton workers. Some people seemed to think that since the summer of 1925 there had been very little work done. That might be true of some places but it was not true of Canton.

Mrs. Blanchett went on to speak of the training of teachers and Bible women, and of how they were endeavouring to extend the work to Shansi.

In their schools in Canton the Bible was taught every day and was not done secretly. This year they had more students in the day schools than they had ever had before. She thought the reason was that parents were not favourable to the idea of their children being forced into political processions and demonstrations. She spoke of the way their workers were welcomed by the parents, and afterwards spoke of the work being done by the Door of Hope, in the rescue of girls. She also dealt with the work in the outlying districts, adding that she thought the

PUNCH AND JUDY'S EVIL DAYS.

MELODRAMA WHICH IS
NEARING THE LAST ACT.

That inimitable street melodrama, the Punch and Judy show, so attractive to old and young, is a dying industry. According to an "impressario" of this branch of entertainment the whole-time performers are fewer and the average weekly earnings lower.

Quite a good return for a modern Punch and Judy man is £2 a week, said Mr. W. Davis, Georgina Street, Camden Town, London, one of the few proprietors of a Punch and Judy show left in London, to a Press Association representative.

We do best of all in the West End, and we seem to interest grown-ups quite as much as children nowadays. Travelling about London is still the mainstay of the business, though we get orders for special performances occasionally.

Although officially known as "Toys" for performance purposes, Mr. Davis said his dog's real name is Flossie. A bright little fox terrier, she has been playing with Punch's nose for the past 12 years and she will soon reach the age when she will be too old for the job. In order to relieve the strain of constant performing she has now a young understudy six months old, who occasionally takes her place. Her prospective successor is a pam.

Any dog of any breed with average intelligence can easily be trained to take a part in Punch and Judy, said Mr. Davis.

No attempt is made to give a modern touch to the patter of Punch and Judy. Their cross-talk is substantially the same as that handed down from three centuries ago.

Just when the Punch and Judy show was introduced into England no one seems to know. It originated in Italy about 1600 and some authorities state that it was brought over to England by Huguenot refugees. There is a reference to Punch to Pepys, dated 1669.

foreigners were necessary, because they encouraged and heartened the native workers.

She concluded by saying that the anti-Christian propaganda had really furthered the Gospel. When the people saw posters telling them that they must oppose Christianity, they immediately asked what it was, and bought tracts and books to read all about it.

Mrs. Blanchett also appealed for support from Hongkong residents.

The chairman proposed thanks to the speakers, after which the meeting closed.



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NEW TAXATION.

(Continued from Page 7.)

to draw attention to the fact that the total sum provided for it in 1928 is just under three millions, which is nine per cent. of the estimated revenue of the Colony. This three millions does not moreover include an aggregate sum of a million dollars provided for expenditure in 1928 under Public Works special services on Police works and buildings which are estimated to cost two and a half million dollars.

The most urgent need of the department is increased barrack accommodation, and the present programme is in no sense final or complete.

The departmental expenditure provides for an increase of \$145,000 on the 1927 figure; under personal emoluments provision is made for two additional superintendents, three additional probationers and five additional Assistant Inspectors, these last being balanced by a similar reduction in the number of sub-inspectors.

Mr. Wolff said further that over a million and a half was provided for entirely new works in Singapore, of which the most important were a new trade school, an outpatients building and dispensary at Seoy Lines, Police barracks and a traffic office at Maxwell Road, quarters for inspectors and married constables at Orchard Road Police Station, preliminary work in connection with the New Johnson's Pier, a new P.W.D. Workshop, and a number of quarters for senior officers.

The new Police Station at Tanjong Pagar was estimated to cost \$220,000, but the scheme had been entirely revised and the cost was now put at \$230,000. The cost of the new Carnarvon Street Police Station in Penang was found to be \$436,000 instead of \$298,000 as originally estimated.

The Governor's Hint.

In the course of his speech, the Governor, Sir Hugh Clifford, said:

In preparing the present estimates of expenditure, in spite of the fact that, even as matters stand, we are budgeting for a very considerable deficit, we have been compelled to set aside many public works which, in ordinary circumstances, would be regarded as well nigh essential; and even in the short period that I have so far spent in the Colony, the conclusion has forcibly impressed itself upon my mind that we are to-day confronted by a plain alternative.

We must either allow the Colony of the Straits Settlements gradually to fall behind the standards that are in these times being set by other Crown Colonies of the first rank, and this in a variety of different directions, or its inhabitants must reconcile themselves to the sacrifices which a material increase of revenue by means of additional taxation inevitably imposes.

It has also to be noted that our existing sources of revenue are not capable of expansion, and that they, moreover, have recently produced smaller sums than the framers of our Estimates had anticipated. Additional revenue, therefore, will have to be sought, not in the directions with which long custom has familiarised the people of the Straits Settlements, but by devising means whereby resources hitherto untapped may be made available.

Any such measures cannot fail to be highly unpopular; and the choice of the alternatives which I have just set before hon. members will, after all, mainly lie with my unofficial colleagues upon this Council. I suggest, however, that the somewhat unpalatable facts, to which I have thought it necessary to direct the attention of hon. members on this occasion, should be realised by the general public, and that the latter should be taught to familiarise themselves with the further fact that a choice between the alternatives above described cannot be indefinitely postponed.

Some Lay Comment.

The Straits Times comments: The Budget speech of His Excellency the Governor has raised a good deal of speculation in the city, especially among those who, being conversant with finance, have had occasion more closely to study the gradual trend of affairs.

It seems that the greatest controversy will arise as a result of the Opium Replacement fund. In an interview with a representative of the Straits Times a prominent citizen expressed the opinion that he was unable to see how the Government could impose fresh taxation with a surplus of \$40,000,000 lying in the replacement fund. In spite of the view expressed by His Excellency that the trade in opium might be very much affected by the decisions of the League of Nations he thought that no appreciable alteration could take place within the next quarter of a century.

In China the acreage laid out for the production of opium, in-

DANGEROUS DRIVING
CHARGE.EUROPEAN MOTOR-CYCLIST
FINED.

Mr. D. S. Hill, of the Hongkong Electric Company, was summoned before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy this morning with driving his motor-cycle in a dangerous manner at Whitfield Road, on the 27th September.

The charge having been explained to him, defendant stated "that it was quite correct."

A Traffic Sergeant stated that Mr. Hill was driving at a speed of between 20 and 25 miles an hour. A fine of \$10 was imposed.

Merely "Dodged."

Sergeant Collinson, in charging a livery car driver with disobeying police signals and with careless driving, stated that he intercepted the car at three different places, but the signal he gave to the defendant to stop was unheeded each time, the driver merely dodging him to proceed on his way.

Defendant said he mistook Sergeant Collinson for a drunken man, who would get into the centre of the roadway and had to avoid to prevent an accident.

A fine of \$6 was imposed on each charge.

Ignorance Pleaded.

Charged with disobeying traffic directions in that he persisted in turning round the standard opposite the Hongkong Star Ferry Wharf, a public-car driver said he was not aware that a new regulation had come into force forbidding cars to be manoeuvred in this way in the locality.

A Shantung constable duty at this point, said that he gave the necessary direction to the defendant, but it was unheeded, the defendant continuing to turn round the standard and to drive off.

A fine of \$5 was imposed.

A Race Day.

On a lorry driver, who was charged with disobeying police directions, pleading that it was a race day and that he did not notice the constable who gave him his direction, Major Willson rejoined that that was the more reason why the defendant should keep his eyes open and be careful. His Worship imposed a fine of \$10.

The drivers of three motor-cars, Nos. 438, 199 and 391, were each fined \$6 for obstruction, through parking their cars at the entrance to the football field at Wongnei-chong Road.

GAMBLING RAID.

TWENTY-SIX ARRESTED.

A raid made by the police last night on the first floor of 11, Gough Street, resulted in the arrest of no fewer than twenty-six persons who were engaged in a game of *pai kau*, at the time of raid.

Of this number, fourteen jumped their bail of \$5 rather than face the Magistrate this morning. The remainder were brought before Major C. Willson and were each fined \$3, except the principal tenant of the house, who was fined \$25. A man who claimed to be the servant of the principal tenant was treated in a similar way.

PHILIPPINES TOBACCO.

MILLION PESOS SUBSIDY
PROPOSED.

Manila, Oct. 6.
The Parliamentary Committee organized in connexion with the tobacco industry is proposing to grant a subsidy of a million pesos to improve tobacco culture, and to organize propaganda work in the United States and other countries with a view to developing the industry.—Indo-pacific.

creased as the acreage in India and Persia decreased and the supplies were in no way diminishing. There would be always a good profit for the smuggler, who even now was counteracting the work of the League.

A Vicious Circle.

Speaking on the subject of fresh taxation, he said that in all cases taxation seems to work in a vicious circle. The taxes passed on and the result is a general increase in the cost of living which is high enough in Singapore now. The assistant on a first agreement had a small enough margin to work upon now, and he would be the principal sufferer as those with a higher wage would be able better to withstand the increases.

It may be recalled that Viscount Ishii, Japan's representative to the League when interviewed by the Straits Times expressed the opinion that it would be years before the League, although it had done much good work, could accomplish much in the way of wiping out the use of opium.

OUR DAILY TALK ON
HEALTH.EFFECTS OF OVER-EXERTION
IN SWIMMING.

ENLARGEMENT OF HEART.

As mankind turns more and more to outdoor sports, he finds that there is an increasingly greater call for work upon the heart.

It must be remembered that the heart is but one of the organs of the human body and that any change which affects the rest of the body is likely to affect the heart at the same time. When unusual demands are placed upon the heart, it will, like other organs, enlarge to accommodate these demands. An investigation of the hearts of champion skiers or mountain hikers revealed enlargements, although in some instances little above the hearts of non-athletes. A severe sudden effort thrown suddenly upon the heart unused to work may result in sudden acute enlargement, at great danger to life.

Drs. Felix Deutsch and Emil Kauf of the heart clinic in Vienna have made a special study of changes in the heart associated with exercise. The hearts of persons of similar body build indulging in ordinary amounts of exercise, are not enlarged over those of persons who do not exercise, but are better in their functional capacity.

In the words of the German investigators, exercise for pleasure does not cause enlargement of the heart, but on the contrary produces a strengthening of the whole organism.

When competitive athletics are concerned, however, different observations are made. The hearts of competitive swimmers were found to be slightly larger than those of normal persons. The danger to the heart is not so great in the young as in the adult who first undertakes severe exercise.

Incidentally, some observations made on various types of swimming are of importance to those concerned with this subject. Apparently it did not matter whether the observations were made on persons doing the crawl, the breast stroke, or swimming on the back. The dive for distance does not bring about severe changes in the heart and long distance swimmers were not found to have hearts larger than those of sprint swimmers.

Water polo, however, leads to a greater enlargement of the heart than does any other form of swimming. This is one of the most severe sports, demanding special exercise and inducing greater excitement in the swimmer. The enlargements of the hearts in women swimmers were proportionately not so great as in men. This, the German investigators believe, is due to the fact that men spend much more strength and energy in their sports than women do.

Wahg Ching-wei is reported to have arrived in Shanghai from Nanking on Friday last.

SOUTH RESUMES
OFFENSIVE.

(Continued from Page 1.)
Apart from the main armies, two divisions had been detailed to advance along mountain roads to cut communications. This plan had failed largely owing to the rapidity of the Mukden victory against the main Shansi armies. Several of these raids had already been suppressed, notably at Mentoukow, where one regiment of Shansi troops were disarmed. A stronger Shansi force took Chochow, but Mukden troops surrounded and captured the city. Another small Shansi force, assisted by bandits, have seized Miyun, to the north-east of Peking, but two regiments are proceeding from Peking to suppress them.

NEW U.S. ADMIRAL.

Change in Yangtze Command.
Washington, Oct. 8.

Admiral Yates Sterling, Jr., at present chief of staff to the commander of the United States fleet, has been appointed to command the Yangtze River Patrol succeeding Admiral Hough.

It is understood that Admiral Hough will be assigned to the General Board.

BRITISH IN HANKOW.

Draw Up Strong Protest.
Hankow, Oct. 13.

A mass meeting of practically the entire British community and including several Indians yesterday unanimously passed four resolutions, which are being sent to the British Foreign Office.

At the commencement of the meeting the chairman pointed out that the meeting was being held for the purpose of considering the operation of the Chen-O'Malley Agreement and not to criticize the policy of His Majesty's Government.

The meeting was the biggest one ever held by British residents at Hankow.—Reuter.

Entertainments

"BEHIND THE FRONT"

WITH
WALLACE BEERY
RAYMOND HATON
MARY BRIAN
AN
EDWARD SUTHERLAND
PRODUCTION
A
Garamond
Picture

A SPECIAL COM-
EDY showing the
sunny side of the
war. A brand new
type of picture.
Laughter behind the
lines.



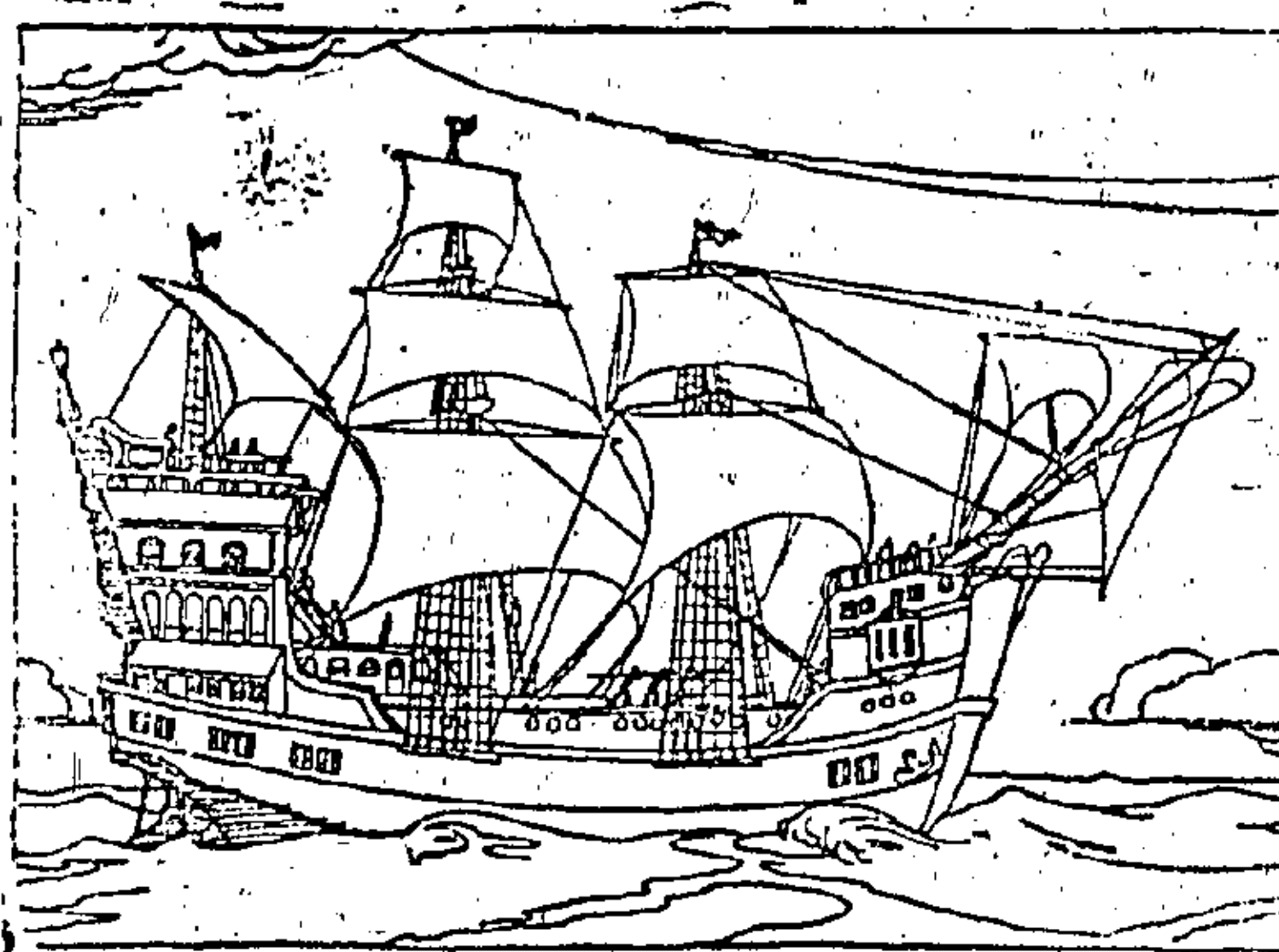
AT THE

QUEEN'S TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20

An epoch-making film in full natural colours—

THE

BLACK PIRATE



WITH

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

AT THE

WORLD TUESDAY
TO
SATURDAY

Orchestra at 5.15 & 9.20. Chinese Interpreter at 2.30 & 7.15.

The story of a girl who fled from her con-
ventional home because she and her suitors
wanted something gayer than their elders had
found. The tale of a trial honeymoon and its
unexpected results—

WINE of YOUTH

WITH

ELEANOR BOARDMAN

I and
Eight Leading Men
WILLIAM HAINES
BEN LYON
WILLIAM COLLIER Jr.
ROBERT AGNEW
JAMES MORRISON
CREIGHTON HALE
JOHNNIE WALKER
NILES WELCH



AT THE

STAR TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
Continuous from 2.30 to 8.30